



प्राधिकार से प्रकाशित PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

ਚੇਂo 52] No. 52] नई दिल्ली, शनिवार, दिसम्बर 29, 1990 (पौष् 8, 1912) NEW DELHI, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 29, 1990 (PAUSA 8, 1912)

इस भाग में भिन्न पृष्ठ संख्या दी जाती है जिससे कि यह अलग संकलन के रूप में रखा जा सके [Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation] -

माग III—खण्ड 2 [PART III—SECTION 2]

पेटेन्ट कार्यालय द्वारा जारी की गई पेटेन्टों और डिजाइनों से सम्बन्धित अधिसूचनाएं और नोटिस [Notifications and Notices Issued by the Patent Office relating to Patents and Designs]

THE PATENT OFFICE PATENTS AND DESIGNS

Calcutta, the 29th December, 1990

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Telegraphic address "PATENTOFIC".

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Patent Office (Head Office), "NIZAM PALACE", 2nd M.S.O. Bidg., 5th, 6th and 7th Floor, 234/4, Acharya Jagdish Bose Road, Calcutta-700 020.

Rest of India.

Telegraphic address "PATENTS".

All applications, notices, statements or other documents or any fees required by the Patents Act, 1970 or the Patents Rules, 1972 will be received only at the appropriate Offices of the Patent Office.

Fees:—The fees may either be paid in cash or may be sent by Money Order or Postal Order, payable to the Controller at the appropriate Offices or by Bank Draft or Cheque, payable to the Controller drawn on a scheduled bank at the place where the appropriate office is situated.

पेटेंट कार्यालय

एकस्य तथा अमिकल्प

कलकत्ता, दिनांक 29 दिसम्बर 1990

पेटेंट कार्यालय के कार्यालयों के पते एवं क्षेत्राधिकार

पेटेंट कार्यालय का प्रचान कार्यालय कलकत्ता में स्थित है तथा सम्बर्ध, दिल्ली एवं मदास में इसके शास्त्रा कार्यालय हैं', जिनके प्रादेशिक क्षेत्राधिकार जोन के आधार पर निम्न रूप में प्रदर्शित हैं :---

पेटेंट कार्यालय शाखा, टोडी इस्टेट, तीसरा तल, कोजर परेक (पश्चिम), अम्बई-400.013

गुजरात, महाराष्ट्र तथा मध्य प्रदेश राज्य क्षेत्र एवं संघ शासित क्षेत्र गोआ, दमन तथा दिव एवं दादरा और नगर हवेली।

तार पता---''पेटोफिस''

येटेंट कार्यालय शाखा, इकाई सं० 401 से 405, तीसरा तल, नगरपालिका भाजार भवन, सरस्वती मार्ग, करोल भाग, नई दिक्ली-110 005

हरियाणा, हिमाचल प्रदेश, जम्मू तथा कश्मीर, पंजाब, राजस्थान तथा उत्तर प्रदेश राज्य क्षेत्रों एवं संघ शासित क्षेत्र चंडीगढ़ तथा विज्ली। तार पता—''पेटेंटोफिक'' पेटेंट कार्यालय शाखा,
 61, वालाजाह रोड,
 मदास-600 002

आंघ्र प्रदेश, कर्नाटक, केरल, तमिलनाडु राज्य क्षेत्र एवं संघ शासित क्षेत्र पाण्डिचेरी, लक्षतीप, मिनिकॉय तथा एमिनिदिवि द्वीप।

तार पता---''पेटे'टोफिस''

पेटेंट कार्यालय (प्रधान कार्यालय), निजाम पैलेस, द्वितीय बहुतलीय कार्यालय मवन 5, 6 तथा 7वां तल, 234/4, आचार्य जगदीश बोस रोड, कलकत्ता-700 020

मारत का अवशेष क्षेत्र

तार पता—''पेटेंटस''

पेटेंट अधिनियम, 1970 या पेटेंट नियम, 1972 में अपेक्षित समी आवेदन-पत्र, सूचनाएं, विवरण या अन्य प्रतिख पेटेंट कार्यालय के केवल उपयुक्त कार्यालय में ही प्राप्त किए जाएंगे।

शुल्क: —शुल्कों की अवायगी या तो नकद की जाएगी अथवा उपयुक्त कार्यात्त्रय में नियंत्रक को भुगतान योग्य धनादेश अथवा डाक आदेश या जहां उपयुक्त कार्यात्त्रय स्थित है, उस स्थान के अनुसूचित हैं के से नियंत्रक को भुगतान योग्य हैं क द्वापट अथवा चैक द्वारा की जा सकती हैं।

CORRIGENDUM

In the Gazette of India, Part-III, Section-2, dated 27th October, 1990 in Page No. 1194 in the matter of New Applications published in Column 1 and 2, read 1967/Bom/90 to 1978/Bom/90 as 67/Bom/90 to 78/Bom/90.

In the Gazette of India, Part-III, Section-2 dated October 20, 1990 in the Page No. 1167 regarding Patent Application No. 167376.

For (Divisional Application No. 347/Cal/86 Anti-dated to 18th March, 1987).

Read (Divisional Application No. 347/Cal/86 Anti-dated to 18th March, 1987).

APPLICATION FOR PATENTS FILED AT THE HEAD OFFICE 234/4, ACHARYA JAGADISH BOSE ROAD, CALCUTTA-20

The dates shown in the crescent brackets are the dates claimed Under Section 135, of the Patents Act 1970.

20th November, 1990

983/Cal/90. Siemens Aktiengesellschaft. Electrical switchgear having an insertable and retractable apparatus rack.

984/Cal/90. Devapriya Mukherjee. Exhaust liner Methanal/Fuels and I. C. engine for aldehyde pollution.

21st November, 1990

985/Cal/90. Sicpa Holding SA. Highly reactive printing inks.

986/Cal/90. Johnson & Johnson Consumer Products, Inc. Sunscreen compositions.

987/Cal/90. Hoechst Aktiengesellschaft. Continuous telomerization process.

22nd November, 1990

988/Cal/90. E. I. Du Pont De Nemours and Company. Sensorholding device.

989/Cal/90. E. I. Du Pont De Nemours and Company. Radiographic elements with improved covering power.

990/Cal/90. Hoechst Aktiengesellschaft. Process for the preparation of 3, 4'-dichlorodiphenyl ether.

991/Cal/90. Hoechst Aktiengesellschaft. Azo compounds, preparation thereof and use thereof as dyes.

992/Cal/90. Hoechst Aktiengesellschaft. Azo compounds, their use as dyes.

915/Mas/90. Maschinenfabrik Rieter AG. A cooling system.

1989; Great Britain).

916/Mas/90. Shell Internationale Research Maatschappij B. V. Pro-

917/Mas/90. Minnesota Mining and Manufacturing Company.

anchored hook fastener portion.

cess for converting hydrocarbon oils. (November 16,

Disposable diaper with thermoplastic material

PARI III—	-SEC. 2] THE GAZETTE OF INDIA, DEC	EMBER 29,	1990 (PAUSA 8, 1912) 1403
	23rd November, 1990	918/Mas/90.	Isoworth Limited. A container. (February 10, 1986; United Kingdom). (Divisional to Patent Application
993/Cal/90.	Sumitomo Chemical Company Limited. Fiber reactive red dye composition.		No. 79/Mas/87).
	26th November, 1990	919/Mas/90.	Thermon Manufacturing Company. An electrical heating cable. (Divisional to Patent Application No. 840/Mas/87).
994/Cal/90.	Proizvodstvennoe Obiedinenie "Vladimirsky Traktorny Zavod" USSR. Air cleaner.	920/Mas/90.	,
995/Cal/90.	Hitachi, Ltd. Gas-Blast Load-Break Switch.		Card Room.
			15th November, 1990
	ATIONS FOR PATENTS FILED AT THE PATENT ARNCH, 61 WALLAJAH ROAD, MADRAS-600 002	921/Mas/90.	Thermoplastic adhesive mounting for an optical
	12th November, 1990		fiber connecter.
904/Mas/90.	Kandenary Mohammed Moosa. Mechanised split—power transmission system.	922/M as/90.	ET Earth Technology Limited. A method and a device for making earthen blocks.
905/Mas/90.	F. Hoffmann-La Roche AG. Amino Acid Derivatives. (December 11, 1989; Great Britain).	923/Mas/90.	Periathabi Gopalasamy Jayapalan. An apparatus for automatic dim and bright control for the headlights of motor vehicles.
906/Mas/90.	Minnesota Mining and Manufacturing Company. Heat-shrinkable film having high shrinkage upon brief exposure to low activation.		16th November, 1990
907/Mas/90.	Elken Aluminium ANS. Arrangement for gas collection in aluminium reduction cells.	924/Mas/90.	Minnesota Mining and Manufacturing Company. Adhesive fastening tabs.
908/Mas/90.	Brevetti Gaggia S.P.A. Espresso Coffee Machine. (Divisional to Patent No. 6/Mas/87).	925/Mas/90.	Akzo N. V. Process for the preparation of alkylamine salts.
	13th November, 1990	926/Mas/90.	Du Pont-Howson Limited. Improvements in or relating to radiation sensitive devices. (November 21, 1989; United Kingdom).
909/Mas/90.	Danby Developments Inc. An insulating structure. (Divisional to Patent No. 17/Mas/87).		Omeo Milguola).
910/Mas/90.	Maschinenfabrik Rieter AG. Method of continuously determining the fineness of fibres in slivers and corres-		ALTERATION
	ponding apparatus for performing the method.	167850 (672/Mas/88	: Ante-dated 17th July, 1985.
911/Mas/90.	Maschinenfabrik Rieter AG. Circular comb.		
912/Mas/90.	Maschinenfabrik Rieter AG. Device for assisting the transfer of a fleece from the card main cylinder to the		OPPOSITION PROCEEDINGS
	doffer roller.		(1)
	14th November, 1990		sition has been entered by Sandvik Asia Limited, Pune, pplication No. 166567 made by Widia (India) Limited,
913/Mas/90.	Rhone-Poulenc Chimie. Process for the recovery of gallium from basic solutions containing it.		(7)
914/Mas/90.	Maschinenfabrik Rieter AG. A stripper for cylinders or rollers.		(2) sition has been entered by Associated Cement Com-
			ted to grant of a patent on application No. 166490 (843/ d 24th September, 1986 made by National Council for

CLAIM UNDER SECTION 20(1) OF THE PATENTS ACT 1970

Del/86) dated 24th September, 1986 made by National Council for

Cement & Building Materials.

Claim made by Mukund Iron L Steel Works Limited under Section 20(1) of the Patents Act 1970 to proceed the application for Patent No. 166404 in their name has been allowed.

PATENTS SEALED

166191 166205 166210 166244 166267 166369 166381 166389 166403 166406 166407 166409 166410 166420 166422 166447 166472

CAL-11

DEL-3

MAS-1

BOM-2

AMENDMENT PROCEEDINGS UNDER SECTION 57

Proposed amendments under Section 57 in respect of Patent No. 165813 (821/Mas/85) as advertized in the Gazette of India dated 7-7-90 have been allowed.

RENEWAL FEES PAID

147898 148028 148950 149138 149799 149859,150328 150592 150764 150980 151667 152260 152429 152573 152693 152702 152871 152786 152985 153476 153490 153536 153577 153610 153612 154194 154484 154629 154905 154988 154989 155114 155115 155575 155609 155698 155771 156009 156400 156465 156691 156819 156873 156874 157901 158357 158358 158734 159109 159663 159666 159667 160079 160717 161017 161306 161517 161730 161792 161793 161795 161838 161911 161918 162072 162130 162592 162710 162944 162970 163026 163437 163440 163529 163791 164016 164168 164884 164949 164950 165372 165423 165446 165448 165588 165641 165649 165650 165748 165850 166127 166128 166329 166376

RESTORATION PROCEEDINGS

(1)

Notice is hereby given that an application for restoration of Patent No. 152807 dated the 10th March, 1981 made by Tractel Tirfor India Private Limited on the 19th February 1990 and notified in the Gazette of India, Part III, Section 2 dated the 21st July 1990 has been allowed and the said Patent restored.

(2)

Notice is hereby given that an application was made under Section 60 of the Patents Act, 1970 for the restoration of Patent No. 161819 granted to THE TATA IRON & STEEL CO. LTD. for an invention relating to "ROLLER ENTRY GUIDE FOR ROLLING CHANNELS".

The patent ceased on the 17th August 1989 due to non-payment of renewal fees within the prescribed time and the cessation of the patent was notified in the Gazette of India, Part III, Section 2 dated the 10th November 1990.

Any interested person may give notice of opposition to the restoration by leaving a notice on Form 32, in duplicate, with the Controller of Patents, The Patent Office, "Nizam Palace", 2nd M.S.O. Building, 5th, 6th and 7th Floor, 234/4, Acharya Jagadish Bose Road, Calcutta-700 020 on or before the 29th February, 1991 under Rule 69 of the Patents Rules, 1972. A written statement, in triplicate, setting out the nature of the opponent's interest, the facts upon which he bases his case and the relief he seeks, shall be filed with the notice or within one month from the date of the notice.

(3)

Notice is hereby given that an application was made under Section 60 of the Patents Act, 1970 for the restoration of Patent No. 161529 granted to THAMBOOSWAMI JOSEPH DAVID for an invention relating to "IMPROVED ELECTRICAL FUSE HOLDER".

The patent ceased on the 3rd September 1989 due to non-payment of renewal fees within the prescribed time and the cessation of the patent was notified in the Gazette of India, Part III, Section 2 dated the 10th November 1990.

Any interested person may give notice of opposition to the restoration by leaving a notice on Form 32, in duplicate, with the Controller of Patents, The Patent Office, "Nizam Palace", 2nd M.S.O. Building, 5th, 6th and 7th Floor, 234/4, Acharya Jagadish Bose Road, Calcutta-700 020 on or before the 29th February, 1991 under Rule 69 of the Patents Rules, 1972. A written statement, in triplicate, setting out the nature of the opponent's interest, the facts upon which he bases his case and the relief he seeks, shall be filed with the notice or within one month from the date of the notice.

(4

Notice is hereby given that an application was made under Section 60 of the Patents Act, 1970 for the restoration of Patent No. 161956 granted to KIMBERLY-CLARK CORPORATION for an invention relating to "A WRAPPER CONSTRUCTION FOR SMOKING ARTICLE."

The patent ceased on the 7th August, 1989 due to non-payment of renewal fees within the prescribed time and the cessation of the patent was notified in the Gazette of India, Part III, Section 2 dated the 10th November 1990

Any interested person may give notice of opposition to the restoration by leaving a notice on Form 32, in duplicate, with the Controller of Patents, The Patent Office, "Nizam Palace", 2nd M.S.O. Building, 5th, 6th and 7th Floor, 234/4, Acharya Jadadish Bose Road, Calcutta-700 020 on or before the 29th February, 1991 under Rule 69 of the Patents Rules, 1972. A written statement, in triplicate, setting out the nature of the opponent's interest, the facts upon which he bases his case and the relief he seeks, shall be filed with the notice or within one month from the date of the notice.

(5)

Notice is hereby given that an application was made under Section 60 of the Patents Act, 1970 for the restoration of Patent No. 153576 granted to HERAEUS ELEKTRODEN GmbH now assigned to DST S.A. for an invention relating to "ELECTRODE FOR ELECTROLYSIS CELLS".

The patent ceased on the 8th December, 1989 due to non-payment of renewal fees within the prescribed time and the cessation of the patent was notified in the Gazette of India, Part III, Section 2 dated the 10th November 1990.

Any interested person may give notice of opposition to the restoration by leaving a notice on Form 32, in duplicate, with the Controller of Patents, The Patent Office, "Nizam Palace", 2nd M.S.O. Building, 5th, 6th and 7th Floor, 234/4, Acharya Jagadish Bose Road, Calcutta-700 020 on or before the 29th February, 1991 under Rule 69 of the Patents Rules, 1972. A written statement, in triplicate, setting out the nature of the opponent's interest, the facts upon which he bases his case and the relief he seeks, shall be filed with the notice or within one month from the date of the notice.

(6)

Notice is hereby given that an application was made under Section 60 of the Patents Act, 1970 for the restoration of Patent No. 153970 granted to THE SMALL TOOLS MANUFACTURING COMPANY OF INDIA LIMITED for an invention relating to "ROLLER ASSEMBLY FOR A TEA PROCESSING MACHINE, AND A TEA PROCESSING MACHINE INCORPORATING THE SAME".

The patent ceased on the 24th August, 1989 due to non-payment of renewal fees within the prescribed time and the cessation of the patent was notified in the Gazette of India, Part III, Section 2 dated the 10th November 1990.

Any interested person may give notice of opposition to the restoration by leaving a notice on Form 32, in duplicate, with the Controller of Patents, The Patent Office, "Nizam Palace", 2nd M.S.O. Building, 5th, 6th and 7th Floor, 234/4, Acharya Jagadish Bose Road, Calcutta-700 020 on or before the 29th February, 1991 under Rule 69 of the Patents Rules, 1972. A written statement, in triplicate, setting out the nature of the opponent's interest, the facts upon which he bases his case and the relief he seeks, shall be filed with the notice or within one month from the date of the notice.

(7)

Notice is hereby given that an application was made under Section 60 of the Patents Act, 1970 for the restoration of Patent No. 153971 granted to THE SMALL TOOLS MANUFACTURING COMPANY OF INDIA LIMITED for an invention relating to "DEVICE FOR AXIAL MOVEMENT OF ROLLERS IN A TEA PROCESSING MACHINE. AND A TEA PROCESSING MACHINE INCORPORATING SUCH DEVICE".

The patent ceased on the 24th August, 1989 due to non-payment of renewal fees within the prescribed time and the cessation of the patent was notified in the Gazette of India, Part III, Section 2 dated the 10th November 1990.

Any interested person may give notice of opposition to the restoration by leaving a notice on Form 32, in duplicate, with the Controller of Patenta, The Patent Office, "Nizam Palace", 2nd M.S.O. Building, 5th, 6th and 7th Floor, 234/4, Acharya Jagadish Bose Road, Calcutta-700 020 on or before the 29th February, 1991 under Rule 69 of the Patents Rules, 1972. A written statement, in triplicate, setting out the nature of the opponent's interest, the facts upon which he bases his case and the relief he seeks, shall be filed with the notice or within one month from the date of the notice.

(8)

Notice is hereby given that an application was made under Section 60 of the Patents Act, 1970 for the restoration of Patent No. 160393 granted to W.S. INSULATORS OF INDIA LIMITED for an invention relating to "A VOLTAGE DEPENDENT NON-LINEAR RESISTOR ELEMENT AND METHOD OF MANUFACTURING THE SAME."

The patent ceased on the 12th December, 1989 due to non-payment of renewal fees within the prescribed time and the cessation of the patent was notified in the Gazette of India, Part III, Section 2 dated the 10th November 1990.

Any interested person may give notice of opposition to the restoration by leaving a notice on Form 32, in duplicate, with the Controller of Patents, The Patent Office, "Nizam Palace", 2nd M.S.O. Building, 5th, 6th and 7th Floor, 234/4, Acharya Jagadish Bose Road, Calcutta-700 020 on or before the 29th February, 1991 under Rule 69 of the

Patents Rules, 1972. A written statement, in triplicate, setting out the nature of the opponent's interest, the facts upon which he bases his case and the relief he seeks, shall be filed with the notice or within one month from the date of the notice.

(9)

Notice is hereby given that an application was made under Section 60 of the Patents Act, 1970 for the restoration of Patent No. 160394 granted to W.S. INSULATORS OF INDIA LIMITED for an invention relating to "SURGE ARRESTERS".

The patent ceased on the 12th December, 1989 due to non-payment of renewal fees within the prescribed time and the cessation of the patent was notified in the Gazette of India, Part III, Section 2 dated the 10th November 1990.

Any interested person may give notice of opposition to the restoration by leaving a notice on Form 32, in duplicate, with the Controller of Patents, The Patent Office, "Nizam Palace", 2nd M.S.O. Building, 5th, 6th and 7th Floor, 234/4, Acharya Jagadish Bose Road, Calcutta-700 020 on or before the 29th February, 1991 under Rule 69 of the Patents Rules, 1972. A written statement, in triplicate, setting out the nature of the opponent's interest, the facts upon which he bases his case and the relief he seeks, shall be filed with the notice or within one month from the date of the notice.

(10)

Notice is hereby given that an application was made under Section 60 of the Patents Act, 1970 for the restoration of Patent No. 153972 granted to THE SMALL TOOLS MANUFACTURING COMPANY OF INDIA LIMITED for an invention relating to "DEVICE FOR ADJUSTING RADIAL SPACE BETWEEN TWO ROLLERS IN A TEA PROCESSING MACHINE, AND A TEA PROCESSING MACHINE INCORPORATING SUCH A DEVICE."

The patent ceased on the 24th August, 1989 due to non-payment of renewal fees within the prescribed time and the cessation of the patent was notified in the Gazette of India, Part III, Section 2 dated the 10th November 1990.

Any interested person may give notice of opposition to the restoration by leaving a notice on Form 32, in duplicate, with the Controller of Patents. The Patent Office, "Nizam Palace", 2nd M.S.O. Building, 5th, 6th and 7th Floor, 234/4, Acharya Jagadish Bose Road, Calcutta-700 020 on or before the 29th February, 1991 under Rule 69 of the Patents Rules, 1972. A written statement, in triplicate, setting out the nature of the opponent's interest, the facts upon which he bases his case and the relief he seeks, shall be filed with the notice or within one month from the date of the notice.

(11)

Notice is hereby given that an application was made under Section 60 of the Patents Act, 1970 for the restoration of Patent No. 145250 granted to COUNCIL OF SCIENTIFIC AND INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH for an invention relating to "A PROCESS AND APPARATUS FOR PRODUCING PRECAST FERROCEMENT CYLINDRICAL UNITS AND THE PRECAST FERROCEMENT CYLINDRICAL UNITS OBTAINED THEREFROM."

The patent ceased on the 29th December, 1989 due to non-payment of renewal fees within the prescribed time and the ceasation of the patent was notified in the Gazette of India, Part III, Section 2 dated the 10th November 1990.

Any interested person may give notice of opposition to the restoration by leaving a notice on Form 32, in duplicate, with the Controller of Patents, The Patent Office, "Nizam Palace", 2nd M.S.O. Building, 5th, 6th and 7th Floor, 234/4, Acharya Jagadish Bose Road, Calcutta-700 020 on or before the 29th February, 1991 under Rule 69 of the Patents Rules, 1972. A written statement, in triplicate, setting out the nature of the opponent's interest, the facts upon which he bases his case and the relief he seeks, shall be filed with the notice or within one month from the date of the notice.

(12)

Notice is hereby given that an application was made under Section 60 of the Patentr Act, 1970 for the restoration of Patent No. 163684 granted to GAJANAN VITTHAL SATHAYE for an invention relating to "SOLAR THERMAL CONCENTRATING DEVICE WITH THE PROVISION FOR THE FORMATION OF AN ENCLOSED INSULATED INSIDE SPACE."

The patent ceased on the 20th December, 1989 due to non-payment of renewal fees within the prescribed time and the cessation of the patent was notified in the Gazette of India, Part III, Section 2 dated the 10th November 1990.

Any interested person may give notice of opposition to the restoration by leaving a notice on Form 32, in duplicate, with the Controller of Patents, The Patent Office, "Nizam Palace", 2nd M.S.O. Building, 5th, 6th and 7th Floor, 234/4, Acharya Jagadish Bose Road, Calcutta-700 020 on or before the 29th February, 1991 under Rule 69 of the Patents Rules, 1972. A written statement, in triplicate, setting out the nature of the opponent's interest, the facts upon which he bases his case and the relief he seeks, shall be filed with the notice or within one month from the date of the notice.

COMPLETE SPECIFICATION ACCEPTED

Notice is hereby given that any person interested in opposing the grant of patents on any of the Applications concerned, may, at any time within four months of the date of this issue or within such further period not exceeding one month applied for on Form 14 prescribed under the Patents Rules, 1972 before the expiry of the said period of four moths, give notice to the Controller of Patents on the prescribed Form 15, of such opposition. The written statement of opposition should be filed alongwith the said notice or within one month of its date as prescribed in rule 36 of the Patents Rules, 1972.

The classifications given below in respect of each specification are according to Indian Classification and International Classification.

A limited number of printed copies of the specifications listed below will be available for sale from the Government of India Book Depot, 8, Kiran Sankar Roy Road, Calcutta, in due course. The price of each specification is Rs. 2/- (postage extra if sent out of India). Requisition for the supply of the printed specifications should be accompanied by the number of the specifications as shown in the following list.

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स्वीकृत सम्पूर्ण विनिदेश

एतदबारा यह सूचना वी जाती है कि सम्बद्ध आवेदनों में से किसी पर पेटेंट अनुदान का विरोध करने के हक्कुक कोई व्यक्ति, इसके निर्गम की तिथि से 4 महीने या अग्रिम ऐसी अवधि जो उक्त 4 महीने की अवधि की समाप्ति के पूर्व पेटेंट नियम, 1972 के तहत विहित प्रपत्र-14 पर आवेदित एक महीने की अवधि से अधिक न हो, के मीतर कभी भी नियंत्रक, एकस्व को ऐसे विरोध की सूचना विहित प्रपत्र-15 पर वे सकते हैं। विरोध सम्बन्धी किस्तित वक्तव्य, उक्त सूचना के साथ अथवा पेटेंट नियम, 1972 के नियम 36 में यथाविहित इसकी तिथि के एक महीने के मीतर ही फाइल किए जाने चाहिए।

''प्रत्येक विनिर्देश के संदर्भ में नीचे दिए वर्गीकरण, मारतीय वर्गीकरण तथा अन्तरराष्ट्रीय वर्गीकरण के अनुक्रण हैं।''

नीचे सूचीगत विनिवेशों की सीमित संख्यक में मुद्रित प्रतियों, मारत सरकार मुक हिपो, 8, किरण शंकर राय रोड, कक्षकत्ता में विक्रय हेतु यथासमय उपरूज्य होगी। प्रत्येक विनिवेश का मूक्य 2-/ 50 है (यदि मारत के बाहर मेजे जाएं तो अतिरिक्त हाक खर्च)। मुद्रित विनिवेश की आपूर्ति हेतु मांग पत्र के साथ निम्नितिखित सूची में यथाप्रविशित विनिवेशों की संख्या संतरन रहनी चाहिए।

रूपांकन (चित्र आरेखों) की फोटो प्रतियां, यदि कोई हों, के साथ विनिदेशों की टेकित अधवा फोटो प्रतियों की आपूर्ति पेटेंट कार्यालय, कलकत्ता द्वारा विहित लिप्यान्तरण प्रमार उक्त कार्यालय से पत्र-व्यवहार द्वारा सुनिश्चित करने के उपरांत उसकी अवायगी पर की जा सकती है। विनिदेश की पृष्ठ संख्या के साथ प्रस्थेक स्वीकृत विनिदेश के सामने नीचे वर्णित चित्र आरेख कागजों को जोड़कर उसे 4 से गुणा करके (क्योंकि प्रस्थेक पृष्ठ का लिप्यान्तरण प्रमार 4/- ७० है) फोटो लिप्यान्तरण प्रमार का परिकलन किया जा सकता है।

CLASS: 40-B.

Int. Cl.: B 01 j 31/00, 31/22.

167821

A METHOD FOR SEPARATING A CATALYST FOR OLIGOMERIZATION AND POLYMERIZATION OF OLEFINS AND ALKYLATION OF AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS.

Applicant & Inventors: (1) NADIR MIR-IBRAGIM OGLY SEIDOV, OF BAKU, ULITSA T. ALIEVA, 67/71, KV. 116, USSB; (2) FAIG OMAR OGLY GUSEINOV, OF BAKU, ULITSA I. TOLSTOGO, TUPIK 5, 3 USSR; (3) TOFIC NIYAZ OGLY ALLA-KHVERDIEV, OF SUMGAIT, 18 KVARTAL, 29A, KV. 8, USSR; (4) FARKHAD AKHAD OGLY ALIEV, OF BAKU, ULITSA MIKHTADIRA, 5, KV. 12 USSR; (5) VALENTINA FEDOTVNA MAMEDOVA, OF SUMGAIT, 1 MIKRORION, 16, KV. 18, USSR; (6) KASUM GASAN OGLY KASUMOV, OF BAKU, ULITSA R. LJUXEMBURG, 23, KV. 19, USSR; (7) ALEXI PAVLOVICH VOROZHEIKIN, OF NIZHNEKAMSK, SHKOLNY BULVAR, 8, KV. 15, U.S.S.R.

Application No. 120/Cal/1987 filed on February 11, 1987.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patenta Rules, 1972), Patent Office, Calcutta.

A method for preparing a catalyst for oligomerization and polymerization of olefins and alkylation of aromatic hydrocarbons comprising reacting metallic aluminium with carbon tetrachloride in a mass ratio of Al : CCl_b equal to 1 : 28.01 to 1 : 100 at a temperature with the range of from 40 to 100°C for a period of time sufficient for till consumption of aluminum, followed by recovery of the complex reaction product corresponding to the formula $(AlzCl_b)_m$ C_n , wherein m=1 to 3, n=2 to 10 by filtration.

1 Claim

Compl. Specn. 15 Pages.

Drg. Nil.

CLASS: 32-F_{2(c)}; 55-D₂. Int. Cl.: C 07 c 118/00, 119/042. 167822

IMPROVED PROCESS FOR PREPARING ISOCYANATES.

Applicant: E.I. DU PONT DE NEMOURS AND COMPANY, LOCATED AT WILMINGTON, DELWARE, UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

Inventor: VELLIYUR NOTT MALLIKARJUNA RAO.

Application No. 290/Cal/1987 filed on April 10, 1987.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office, Calcutta.

6 Claims

An improved process for preparing isocyanates of the formula R-NCO, wherein R is C₁₋₂ alkyl, by reacting a corresponding formamide of the formula R-NHCHO with Oxygen or an oxygen-containing gas at a temperature from 400°C to 800°C, in the presence of a known silver catalyst, wherein the improvement comprises feeding water and formamide in vapor form to provide a reaction feed mixture having a mole ratio of water to formamide from 0.1 to 10.0.

Compl. Specn. 10 Pages.

Drg. Nil.

CLASS: 182-A; 94-I. Int. Cl.: C 13 d 1/00; 1/06. 167823

IMPROVEMENT IN OR RELATING TO A DEVICE FOR THE MANUFACTURE OF SUGAR FROM SUGAR CANE.

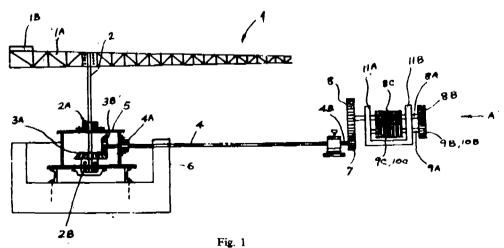
Applicant & Inventor: JAGDISH CHANDRA JAGOTA, OF 128, ACHARYA JADADISH BOSE ROAD, 'KARNANI SEATE' CALCUTTA-700017, WEST BENGAL, INDIA AND SHOBHA AGARWAL, OF ROAD NO. 20, BUNGLA NO. 1, PUNJABI BAGH EXTENSION, NEW DELHI, INDIA.

Application No. 419/Cal/1987 filed on May 26, 1987.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office, Calcutta.

18 Claims

A device for manufacturing sugar from sugar cane comprising a crushing unit and an evaporation unit wherein the crushing unit is an animal-driven unit having a vertical shaft driven by animal power, one end of said vertical shaft being in operational engagement with a long horizontal arm, the other end of the horizontal arm being provided with a gear wheel of larger dimension mounted on one end of a horizontal shaft while the other end of the horizontal shaft carrying the larger gear wheel is provided with a driving gear wheel adapted to drive two other gear wheels each mounted on one end of two independent horizontal shafts, the central portion of the three horizontal shafts above mentioned bieng provided with fluted rollers, a top roller and two bottom rollers wherein, the top roller is in meshing engagement with the two bottom rollers, there being a free space between the two bottom rollers, a curved guide plate being accommodated in the said free space and adapted to receive the material delivered on same from one direction and to deliver the same out from the other direction in between the meshing rollers, thereby ensuring that a crushing effect takes place between two sets of meshing rollers before the material reaches said curved plate and another crushing takes place between two other set rollers after the material leaves the curved plate, the juice thus obtained being collected in a collecting unit and thereafter, conveyed to a concentrator subsequent to usual refining stage and wherein, said concentrator is provided with a hot water unit, a concentrator unit, said hot water unit having a plurality of tubes adapted to receive flue gases from a firing chamber said tubes being held within a column or chamber having water inlet and water outlet means, said water outlet means being in operational association with a chamber in said concentration unit, the concentration unit being provided with a plurality of tubes adapted to receive sugar cane juice to be concentrated and wherein, the said concentration unit is provided with means for creating a vacuum as desired, the said unit also having water outlet means, sugar cane juice outlet means, vapour outlet means, said water outlet means being provided with means for recirculating the water to the hot water unit, said sugar cane juice outlet means being provided with discharge units for crystallizing the exhausted "RAB" (sugar plus molasses mixed in concentrated form) said vapour exhaust means being in operational association with a concensing unit for condensing a sugar cane juice vapours, water vapours and other condensibles, if any.



Compl. Specn. 19 Pages.

Drgs. 2 Sheets.

CLASS: 63-A₁. Int, Cl.: H 02 n 11/00. 167824

CLASS: 32-F_{1(d)}. Int. Cl.: C 07 c 179/06. 167825

PIEZOELECTRIC MOTOR.

Applicant: KIEVSKY POLITEKHNICHESKY INSTITUT IMENI 50-LETIA VELJKOI OKTYABRSKOI SOTS IALISTICHESKOI REVOLJUTSII, OF KIEV, PROSPEKT POBEDY, 37, USSR.

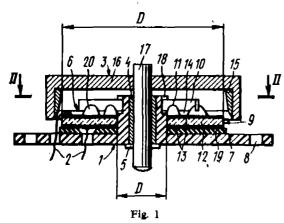
Inventors: (1) VLADIMIR SERGEEVICH VISHNEVSKY, (2) VYACHESLAV VASILIEVICH LAVRINENKO.

Application No. 460/Cal/1987 filed June 12, 1987.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office, Calcutta.

1 Claim

A piezoelectric motor comprising a stator, a rotor frictionally interacting with the stator having a housing, a piezoelectric radial mode oscillator mounted on the housing, comprising piezelectric cell disposed coaxially to the rotor and made in the form of a disk with electrodes, and at least two pushers, each of which has one end of each pusher resting against the rotor characterized in that the other end is secured at least on one flat surface of the piezoelectric cell so that a gap is provided between the piezelectric cell and the pusher.



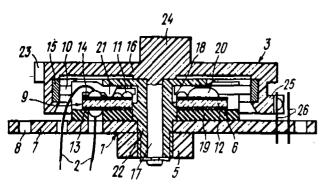


Fig. 5

Compl. Specn. 19 Pages.

Drg. 4 Sheets.

A PROCESS FOR THE CONTINUOUS PREPARATION OF DIALKANESULFONYL PEROXIDIES.

Applicant: PENNWALT CORPORATION, THREE PARKWAY, PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA 19102, UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

Inventor: GREGORY ALAN WHEATON.

Application No. 501/Cal/87 filed on Jule 29, 1987.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office, Calcutta.

9 Claims

An improved process for the continuous preparation of dialkanesulfonyl peroxide by continuously electrolyzing a solution of an alkanesulfonic acid having 1-4 carbons at a sufficient current density to produce dialkanesulfonyl peroxide of the structure RSO₂-O-O-O₂ SR where R is alkyl of 1-4 carbons, characterized in that the concentration of the alkanesulfonic acid is between 50% and 100% by weight, in the electrolysis cell at an elevated temperature of between 30°C-70°C at which a substantial portion of the product dialkanesulfonyl peroxide is in solution, continuously removing the alkanesulfonic acid/dialkanesulfonyl peroxide mixture from the electrolysis cell to a cooling zone where the mixture is cooled below the temperature in the electrolysis cell to precipitate the dialkanesulfonyl peroxide, continuously recovering the insoluble solid dialkanesulfolyl peroxide product from the alkanesulfonic acid solution which is sent back to the electrolysis cell.

Compl. Specn. 12 Pages.

Drg. Nil.

CLASS: 63G. Int. Cl.: B 62 j 6/00. 167826

DYNAMO FOR BICYCLES.

Applicant & Inventors: DIETER SCHURMANN AND BERND GUDEREIT, OF LESSINGSTR; 2, D-4800 DIELEFELD 1, WEST GERMANY AND HORSTER STR. 30, D-4800 BIELEFELD 18, WEST GERMANY.

Application No. 506/Cal/1987 filed on June 30, 1987.

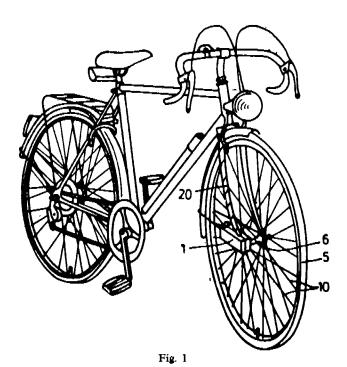
Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office, Calcutta.

16 Claims

A dynamo for bicycles, comprising a housing adapted to securely mounted on the front wheel axle of the bicycle, said housing accommodating a stator, a rotor and a drive member, which is adapted to be driven by a bicycle wheel to set the rotor in a rotary motion, characterized in that the said drive member is mounted rotatably around

wheel axle and is adapted to be operatively connected with the wheel, and that the drive member forms part of an engageable and disengageable dynamo gearing which rotates the rotor in dependence on wheel rotation, and further that the said dynamo along with its housing are adapted to be securely connected to the wheel fork and are also adapted to be disposed away from the wheel axle.

PART III—SEC. 21



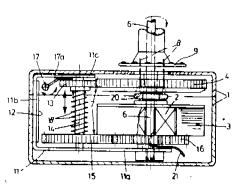


Fig. 3

Compl. Specn. 17 Pages.

CLASS: 69 A.

Drg. 3 Sheets.

167827

Int. Cl.: H 02 h 3/42.

ELECTRONIC OVERCURRENT TRIPPING DEVICE.

Applicant: SIEMENS AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT, OF WITTELSBACHERPLATZ 2, D-8000, MUNCHEN 2, WEST GERMANY.

Inventors: (1) REINHARD MAIER, (2) KURT GOTH.

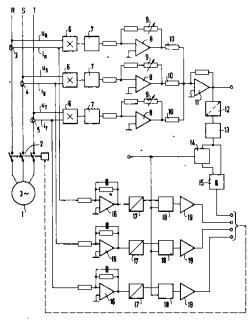
Application No. 541/Cal/1987 filed on July 14, 1987.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office, Calcutta.

2-G-387 GI/90

5 Claims

A multiphase electronic overcurrent tripping device with short-circuit current sensing from a multiphase grid with a grid frequency a comparison circuit and a tripping command transmitter, characterized in that a device for picking up voltage and for multiplication (6) of the instantaneous current and voltage values associated with each phase is provided and additionally is provided for the summation of the instantaneous powers of the individual phases in a summing device comprising resistors (10) and the sum is applied to an amplifier (11), the output of the amplifier being in functional connection with the tripping command transmitter in the event of a predetermined deviation and that the summing resistors (10) are preceded by band filters with a central passing frequency of which corresponds to twice the grid frequency.



Compl. Specn. 8 Pages.

Drg, 1 Sheet.

CLASS: 201-D. Int. Cl.: C 02 f 3/00.

167828

PROCESS FOR PURIFICATION OF WASTE WATERS FROM METHANOL.

Applicant: VOLGO-URALSKY NAUCHNO-ISSLEDOVA-TELSKY I PROEKTNY INSTITUT PO DOBYCHE I PERE-RABOTKE SEROVODORODSODER ZHASCHIKH GAZOV (VOLGOURALNIPIGAZ), OF ORENBURG, ULITSA PUSH-KINSKAYA, 20, USSR.

Inventors: (1) PETER ILIICH GVOZYDAK, (2) ALEXEI DMITRIEVICH DENIS, (3) NATALYA FEDOSEEVNA MOGILEVICH, (4) MARK BENYAMINOVICH TSINBERG, (5) MADEZHDA IGANOVNA GRISCHENKO, (6) OLGA NIKOLAEVNA ERZIKOVA.

Application No. 542/Cal/1987 filed on July 14, 1987.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office, Calcutta.

2 Claims

Aprocess of purification of waste waters from methalnol comprising neutralization of the waste waters with orthophosphoric acid, enrichment of the waste waters with nitrogen sources such as ammonium salts, which allow nitrogen in ammonium form NH₄*to be produced in the sewage, characterised by introduction of a novel strain Methylomonas metanica B-2576 as herein described, culturing said strain on enriched waste waters at a temperature of between 20 to 37°C for at least about 48 hours till purification thereof from methanol.

Compl. Specn. 12 Pages.

Drg. Nil.

CLASS: 68 E₁. Int. Cl.: II 01 h 85/00. 167829

A FUSE FOR AN ALTERNATING CURRENT POWER CIRCUIT AND THREE PHASE ALTERNATING CURRENT POWER CIRCUIT INCORPORATING SAME.

Applicant: Y. S. SECURITIES LIMITED, OF MEANWOOD ROAD, LEEDS, WEST YORKSHIRE LS6 2 BN, ENGLAND.

Inventors: (1) OAKES MARTIN CHRISTOPHER, (2) KLAUS DAVID WILLIAM.

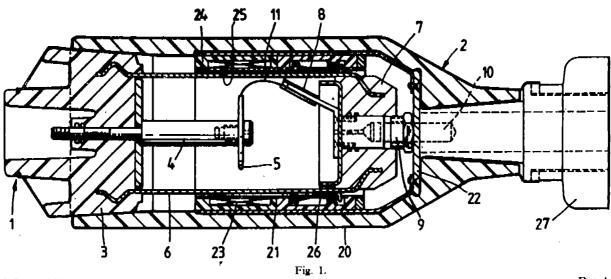
Application No. 11/Cal/1988 filed on January 4, 1988.

(Convention dated 10th January, 1987; No. 8700530; U.K.).

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office, Calcutta.

8 Claims

A fuse for an alternating current power circuit, comprising an input terminal, a first contact electrically connected to the input terminal, an output terminal, a second contact electrically connecting the first and second contacts and completing a normal electrical path between the input and output terminals, and an arcing contact positioned in relation to the first contact so as to form a potential are path between the first contact and the arcing contact, along which path an arc will become established after the fusible element breaks in response to fault current, characterised in that the arcing contact is electrically connected to a third terminal and is electrically isolated from the output terminal.



Compl. Specn. 14 Pages.

Drg. 4 Sheets.

CLASS: 55-E1; E4. Int. Cl.: A 61 k 35/78. 167830

MEDICINE FOR CURING OR PREVENTING BAD EFFECT DOG BITE ON HUMANS OR ANIMALS.

Applicant & Inventor: DR. RAJANI KANTA SARKAR, 20/16/ A MURARI PUKUR ROAD, ULTADANGA, CALCUTTA-700067, WEST BENGAL, INDIA.

Application No. 528/Cal/1989 filed on July 7, 1989.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office, Calcutta.

2 Claims

A medicine for curing or preventing the bad effect of dogbite on humans or animals comprising (a) obtaining from the roots in particulate form of following plants (i), (ii) & (iii) by crushing:

- (i) Alonglum Hamarkii—187 Mg.
- (ii) Bamboosa Indika-Root—187 Mg.
- (iii) Calotropis Jigonitea—187 Mg.
- (b) Obtaining an extract from the roots of following plants
- (lv) to (vili)
- (iv) Gunga-Root---375 Mg.
- (v) Punarnoba-Root Extract-16 Mg.
- (vi) Stamonium-Root Extract-16 Mg.
- (vii) Seven-leaf tree vark extract-16 Mg.
- (viii) Zingiber Extract-16 Mg.

by extracting the active ingredient by alcohol and evaporating the solvent and drying the extract, and (c) mixing the product of step (a) with step (b).

Compl. Specn. 4 Pages.

Drg. Nil.

Ind. Cl.: 144 E4.

167831

(e) curing the mixture at 20° to 150°C

Int. Cl⁴: C 09 D-5/14.

Compl. Specn. 32 Pages.

Drg. 1 Sheet.

MARINE ANTI-FOULING PAINT PRODUCTION.

Applicant: INTERNATIONAL PAINT PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY, A BRITISH COMPANY, OF 18 HANOVER SQUARE, LONDON WIA 2 BB, UNITED KINGDOM, MANUFACTURERS.

Inventor: KENNETH FORD BEXIER.

Application for Patent No. 359/Del/1986 filed on April 23, 1986.

Convention date May 2, 1985/8511144 (U.K.).

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office Branch, New Delhi-110005.

8 Claims

A process for producing a marine anti-fouling paint comprising reacting rosin and an aliphatic polyamine of the kind described herein containing at least one primary or secondary amine group to form a film-forming binder which is gradually dissolved in sea water and mixing the binder with a marine biocide of the kind described herein and a pigment having a solubility in sea water of not more than 10 parts million by weight.

Compl. Specn. 10 Pages.

Drg. Nil.

Ind. Cl.: 144 E4 (XII (3)). Int. Cl⁴: C 09 D 3/58. 167832

A PROCESS FOR COATING A SUBSTRATE WITH AN EPOXY FLUOROCARBON COMPOSITION.

Applicant: THE STANDARD OIL COMPANY, AN OHIO CORPORATION, HAVING A PLACE OF BUSINESS AT PATENT & LICENSE DIVISION, 200 PUBLIC SQUARE, CLEVELAND, OHIO 44114-2375, UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

Inventors: PAUL JOSEPH GIORDANO & RICHARD CHESTER SMIERCIAK.

Application for Patent No. 640/Del/86 filed on July 17, 1986.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule No. 4, Patent Act, 1972), Patent Office Branch, New Delhi-110005.

11 Claims

A process for coating an epoxy fluorocarbon coating composition on a substrate such as herein described, said process comprising the steps of;

- (a) dispersing a powdered fluorocarbon polymer with a particle size of less than 500 microns in an epoxy resin such as herein described;
- (b) adding a fluorosurfactant as herein described to the disperson to form a mixture;
- (d) supplying the mixture to the substrate to from a coating;
 and

Ind. Cl.: 107 C 106 XLVII. Int. Cl⁴: F 02 M 39/00. 167833

A FUEL INJECTION APPARATUS.

Applicant: ORBITAL ENGINE COMPANY PROPRIETARY LIMITED, A COMPANY INCORPORATED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF WESTERN AUSTRALIA, OF 4 WHIPPLE STREET, PALCATTA, WESTERN AUSTRALIA, AUSTRALIA.

Inventor: MICHAEL LEONARD MCKAY.

Application for Patent No. 644/Del/86 filed on 18th July, 1986.

Convention date July 19th 1985/PH 1560/Australia.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4 Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office Branch, New Delhi-5.

6 Claims

A fuel injection apparatus for an internal combustion engine having a combustion chamber, said fuel injection system comprising a metering device (130) for delivering a metered quantity of fuel into a gas forming a fuel gas charge, an injector (124) connected to said metering device and having an openable valve (143) through which the fuel gas charge can enter said combustion chamber, a regulator (10) connected to said metering device and said injector and comprising a fuel pressure regulator for controlling the pressure of the fuel and a gas pressure regulator (49) for controlling the pressure of the gas relative to the fuel pressure to maintain the gas at a predetermined pressure differential below the fuel, said fuel pressure regulator and said gas pressure regulator being integral with each other, said fuel pressure regulator having an adjustor to set the fuel pressure at one or two preselected pressures, said adjustor increasing the fuel pressure to the higher of said preselected pressures when the engine load increases above predetermined value.

Compl. Specn. 16 Pages.

Drgs. 3 Sheets.

Ind. Cl. 205 H.

Int. Cl.: B 60 C 15/00 15/04.

167834

A PNEUMATIC TYRE.

Applicant: APSLEY METALS LIMITED, A BRITISH COMPANY OF LIVERY HOUSE, 169 EDMUND STREET, BIRMINGHAM B 3 2 JB, ENGLAND.

Inventors: ERIC HOLROYD & ANTHONY RICHARD WRIGHT.

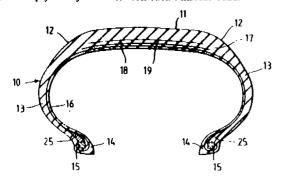
Application to Patent no. 654/Del/86 filed on July 21, 1986.

Convention date August 3, 1985/8519579 U.K.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4 Pater Rules, 1972), Patent Office Branch, New Delhi-110 (85.

10 Claims

A pneumatic tyre (10) having a pair of axially spaced annular beads each bead being composed of a bead bundle and a cord reinforced carcass ply (16) extending between the annular beads (15) said carcass ply (1) being composed of a single continuous reinforcing cord (40) wound as a series of windings around a pair of support elements (22,23) each in the form of a hoop whereby each support element is located within a respective series of cord loops which form the respective ends of the ply, each bead bundle comprising a plurality of hoops of wire bundled together with said support elements within their respective series of cord loops embedded within a respective bead bundle with the hoops of wire of each bundle laying outside the cord loops surrounding each support element whereby the respective ends of said carcass ply (16) are anchored with each bead bundle and the carcass ply firmly held between each annular bead.



Compl. Specn. 12 Pages.

Drgs. 2 Sheets.

Ind. Cl. : 50D. 167835 Int. Cl⁴ : C 10 M 173/00.

A PROCESS FOR MAKING A WATER DISPERSIBLE HYDROCARBYL SUBSTITUTED SUCCINIC ACID AND/OR ANHYDRIDE/AMINE TERMINATED POLY (OXYALKYLENE) REACTION PRODUCTS.

Applicant: THE LUBRIZOL CORPORATION, A CORPORATION OF THE STATE OF OHIO, U.S.A., OF 29400 LAKELAND BOULEVARD, WICKLIFFE, OHIO 44092, UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

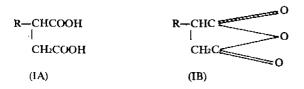
Application for Patent No. 679/Del/86 filed on 25th July, 1986.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4 Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office Branch, New Delhi-5.

24 Claims

A process for making a water-dispersible hydrocarbyl substituted succinic acid and/or anhydride/amine terminated poly (oxyalkylene) reaction product comprising reacting:

 (a) at least one hydrocarbyl-substituted succinic acid and/or anhydride represented by the formulae IA or IB of the accompanying drawings



wherein R is a hydrocarbyl group of from 8 to 40 carbon atoms with

(b) at least one water-dispersible amine terminated poly (oxyalkylene) as herein described at a temperature ranging from the highest of the melt temperature of the reaction components (A) and (B) up to the lowest of the decomposition temperatures of the reaction components or products, wherein the ratio of components (A) to component (b) ranges from 0.1; 1 to 8.1.

Compl. Specn. 34 Pages.

Drg. 2 Sheets.

Ind. Cl.: 32 A2.

167836

Int. Cl.4: C 09 B 67/00 & 67/02 & C 09 C 3/00.

IMPROVEMENTS IN METHODS OF AN APPARATUS FOR THE PRODUCTION OF COLORANT OR PIGMENT CONTAINING PELLETS.

Applicant: COLOR TECHNOLOGIES, INC., A MISSOURI CORPORATION, HAVING THE PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS AT 616 E., 63RD STREET, KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI 64110, U.S.A.

Inventor: LAWRENCE EDWARD DELONG.

Application for Patent No. 696/Del/86 filed on July 30, 1986.

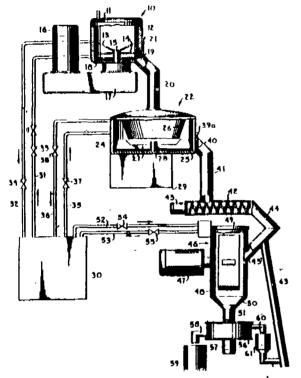
Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4 Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office Branch, New Delhi-5.

22 Claims

A semi-continuous process of producing pigment containing pellets comprising the steps of :

- (1) placing an initial batch of the pigment and at least a quantity of a lubricant such as herein described in a high intensity mixer and mixing same until the temperature thereof has risen to a level effective to evaporate any moisture present substantially from said initial batch of pigment and lubricant and further to melt the said lubricant.
- (2) opening the high intensity mixer, scraping down the sides thereof to reconstitute the batch in the mixer and removing any moisture from the top portion thereof,
- (3) adding a quanity of at least 14% by weight of the batch of a lower molecular wax to said heated; mixed, initial batch in said high-intensity mixer and further mixing same at high intensity until the said wax containing initial batch has reached a temperature at which the low morecular wax melts.
- (4) transferring the said batch impregnated with the melted low molecular wax to a cooler mixer having an internal heat exchanging surface therein for cooling said batch,
- (5) continuously mixing said transfer batch in said cooler mixture under cooling conditions so as to lower the ransfer batch temperature until said batch returns to a solid state and begins to break up into chunks and particles under said combined cooling and mixing action,

- (6) continuing the latter mixing under cooling conditions in the cooler mixer until the chilled, now solid transferred batch has been substantially reduced to particles and chunks of a predetermined minimum size.
- (7) thereafter passing said latter particles and chunks of said minimum size from said chiller mixer to a polletizing mill wherein lesser size pellets of said batch material are produced, and
- (8) passing said pellets produced from said pelletizing mill to a classifier and there separating off size materials from finished product size pellets.



Compl. Specn. 35 Pages.

Drgs. 2 Sheets.

Ind. Cl.: 140 Az.

Int. Cl4; C 10 M 125/00.

167837

A FUEL COMPOSITION FOR INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINES.

Applicant: THE LUBRIZOL CORPORATION, OF 29400 LAKELAND BOULEVARD WICKLIFFE, OHIO 44092 U.S.A. A CORPORATION OF THE STATE OF OHIO, U.S.A.

Inventor: THOMAS EMMETT JOHNSTON & CASPER JOHN DORER, JR.

Application for Patent No. 708/Del/86 filed on August 5, 1986.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office Branch, New Delhi-5.

8 Claims

A fuel composition for internal combustion engines comprising a liquid hydrocarbon fuel such as herein described which is either lead

free or contains less than 0.5 gram of lead per liter of fuel and an additive comprising (A) at least one hydrocarbon-soluble alkali or alkaline earth metal salt of a sulfur acid, a phosphorus acid, a carboxylic acid or a phenol and (B) at least one hydrocarbon-soluble ashless dispersant such as herein described, the amount of alkali of alkaline earth metal being from 1 to 100 parts per million parts of said fuel and the amount of dispersant being from 50 to 500 parts of by weight of said fuel and the weight ratio of (A) to (B) is from 4:1 to 1:4.

Compl. Specn. 68 Pages.

Drg. Nil.

Ind. Cl.: 114 A & F. Int. Cl.⁴: C 14 C 1/00. 167838

AN IMPROVED METHOD FOR PRODUCING LEATHER FOR PRODUCING LEATHER GOODS FROM ANIMAL SKINS AND HIDES.

Applicant: ROHM GMBH, A GERMAN BODY COR-PORATE, OF KIRSCHENALLEE 6100 DARMSTADT 1, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF GERMANY.

Inventors: JURGEN CHRISTNER, ERNST PFLEIDERER AND TILMANN TAEGER.

Application for Patent No. 808/Del/86 filed on September 11, 1986.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office Branch, New Delhi-5.

8 Claims

An improved method for producing leather for producing leather goods of the kind as herein described from animal skins and hides, said method comprising carrying out in a manner known per se the following steps:

- (A) beamhouse processes which include the steps of
 - (a) soaking
 - (b) loosening the hair and opening up the hide (liming or painting)
 - (c) deliming and bating
 - (d) pickling the delimed and bated hides, and
- (B) tanning process, and
- (C) the wet operations of leather manufacture, characterised in that
- a phosphonic acid derivative of the formula I of the drawings

wherein Z and Y represent hydrogen and X represents a group—CH2 COOH or a group of formula A of the drawings

0

wherein L represents a group —P(OH)2, or group of formula B of the drawings or formula C of the drawings

or the ammonium, alkali or alkaline earth metal salts thereof of X represents a group (-CH2-) n-COOH wherein n is a number from 0 to 4,

or wherein Z represents an alkyl group with 1 to 3 carbon atoms, Y represents an OH group and X represents a group —P —(OH)2,

or wherein Z represents hydrogen or a group —COOH, Y represents a group —CH₂ COOH and X represents a group —(CH₂)₂ COOH) is used as a surface active substance during at least one of said processes, together with a known surface active substances as herein described and enzymes as herein described.

Compl. Specn. 30 Pages.

Drg. 1 Sheet.

Ind. Cl.: 35 E [(XXV (2)]. Int. Cl.: C 04 B--35/06.

167839

AN IMPROVED PROCESS FOR THE PRODUCTION OF HIGHLY DENSE SINTERS OF DOLOMITE-MAGNESITE CALCITE AND MIXTURES THEREOF.

Applicant: COUNCIL OF SCIENTIFIC & INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH, RAFI MARG, NEW DELHI-110001, INDIA, AN INDIAN REGISTERED BODY INCORPORATED UNDER THE REGISTRATION OF SOCIETIES A&T (ACT XXI OF 1860).

Inventors: GAUTAM BANERJEE, RAMNARAYAN SINHA, ABDUS SALIM, SAMIR KUMAR DAS, SATI PRASAD CHOW-DHURY AND ARUP GHOSH.

Application for Patent No. 889/Del/86 filed on October 7, 1986.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office Branch, New Delhi-5.

6 Claims

An improved process for the production of highly dense sinters of dolomite, magnesite calcite and mixtures thereof which comprises subjecting high purity of the kind as herein described dolomite magnesite or calcite having either cryptocrystalline fine grained or coarse grained or highly coarse grained texture to crushing and grinding to assorted sizes ranging from 240 mesh B.S. to 350 mesh B.S., calcining the ground materials at 950°—1200°C, then holding at the maximum temperature of calcination for 0.10-5 hours, powdering the calcined materials, hydrating with moisture to saturation drying off the excess moisture at 120°—150°C pressing it into briquittes at a pressure of 1000 Kg/cm² to 4500 Kg/Cm², with or without known binder and firing the briquettes at a temperature in the range of 1500°—1600°C, for 2 to 5 hours.

Compl. Specn. 20 Pages.

Drg. Nil.

[PART III—SEC. 2

Ind. Cl.: 32F₃C. Int. Cl.: C 07 C 31/13. 167840

PROCESS FOR THE PREPARATION OF 3, 5-XYLENOL.

Applicant: COUNCIL OF SCIENTIFIC & INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH, RAFI MARG, NEW DELHI-110001.

Inventors: GURAJADA SARABHA SALVAPATI, KHAN-DAVILLI VENDATA RAMANMURTY, MULPURI JANAR-DANA RAO & RAJAGOPALAN VAIDYESWARAN.

Application for Patent No. 1050/Del/87 filed on December 8 1987.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office Branch, New Delhi-5.

4 Claims

A process for the preparation of 3, 5-xylenol from isophorone which comprises passing isophorone in a vapour form in an inert atmosphere over a catalyst consisting of a alloy of 18% chromium, 10% nickel, 70% iron, 2% manganese continuously at temperature in the range of 450°—600°C and space velocity of 0.5-2 per hour, weight per weight of catalyst, condensing the resultant liquid product, separating the unreacted isophorone from 3-5 xylenol by methods such as herein described and recycling to the feed.

Compl. Specn. 9 Pages.

Drg. Nil.

Ind. Cl.: 62-A-[XXII(1)]. Int. Cl.4: C 11 D 3/395.

167841

SILICATE-FREE AND MAGNESIUM-FREE STABILIZER MIXTURE FOR STABILIZING ACUEOUS PEROXIDE BLEACHING BATHS.

Applicant: HENKEL KOMMANDITGESELLSCHAFT AUF AKTIEN, A COMPANY ORGANISED AND EXISTING UNDER THE LAWS OF THE FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF GERMANY, OF HENKELSTRASSE 67, DUSCELDORF, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF GERMANY. Inventors: (1) BERND-DIETER BAHR, (2) HILDEGARD VAN DELDEN, (3) WOLFGANG LILLOTTE, ULRICH RALL.

Application No. 585/Mas/86 filed on July 22, 1986.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office, Madras Branch.

6 Claims

Silicate-free and magnesium-free stabilizer mixture for stabilizing aqueous peroxide bleaching baths based on organic acids and/or salts thereof, comprises:

- (a) known hydroxy and/or polyhydroxy carboxylic acids or their alkaline and/or ammonium salts
- (b) known polyacrylic acida.
- (c) known amino and/or polyamino phosphonic acids or their alkaline and/or ammonium salts wherein the weight ratio of the components A: B: Cis 1 to 6: 0.2 to 1: 0.4 to 4.

Compl. Specn. 15 Pages.

Drg. Nil.

Ind. Cl.: 32 A (2) [GROUP IX (1)]. 167842

Int. Cl.4: C 09 b 29/00.

PROCESS FOR THE PREPARATION OF MANOAZO DYESTUFFS.

Applicant: CASSELLA AKTIENGESELLSHCAFT. HAN-AUER LANDSTRABE 526, 6000 FRANKFURT AM MAIN 61, WEST GERMANY, A BODY CORPORATE, ORGANISED UNDER THE LAWS OF GERMANY.

Inventors: (1) ULRICH BUHLER, (2) HORST TAPPE, (3) REINHARD KUHN, (4) ALBERT BODE, (5) MARGARETA BOOS.

Application No. 613/Mas/86 filed on July, 31 1986.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office Branch, Madras.

2 Claims

Process for the preparation of monoazo dyestuffs of the general formula I of the accompanying drawings, in which R^1 denotes alkyl having 1 to 3 C atoms and R^2 denotes methyl, ethyl or alkoxy which has 1 to 4 C atoms and is substituted by methoxy or ethoxy, characterized in that an azo dyestuff of the formula II of the accompanying drawings in which Hal denotes a halogen atom is subjected to a nucleaphilic replacement reaction with a metal cyanide, a complex metal cyanide or a combination of an alkali metal cyanide and copper I cyanide in an inert organic solvent at a temperature between 20 and 150°C.

Formula II

Compl. Specn. 20 Pages.

Drgs. 2 Sheets.

Ind. Cl.: 32 F 3 [GROUP IX (1)]. Int. Cl.⁴ D 01 F 6/14. 167843

PROCESS FOR THE PREPARATION OF POLYVINYL ALCOHOL ARTICLES OF HIGH STRENGTH AND MODULUS.

Applicant: STAMICARBON B. V. MUNWEG 1, 6167 AC GELEEN, THE NETHERLANDS, A DUTCH COMPANY.

Inventors: (1) RONALD MICHAEL ALEXANDER MARIA SCHELLEKENS, (2) HENDRIKUS JOHANNES JOZEF RUTTEN, (3) PIETER JAN LEMSTRA.

Application No. 629/Mas/86 filed on August 5, 1986.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office, Madras Branch.

9 Claims

Process for the preparation of a shaped article such as herein described having a high tensile strength and modulus from polyvinyl alcohol, comprising the steps of

- (a) a converting in a known manner a 5 to 50 wt. % solution of a polyvinyl alcohol with a weight-average molecular weight of between 2.5 × 10° and 5 × 10° in water into a shaped, water-containing article at a temperature above the dissolution temperature;
- (b) rapidly cooling this article below freezing temperature to form a gel article having a homogenous gel structure;
- (c) removing the water present in this gel article at a temperature below the melting point of the gel;
- (d) stretching the gel article at a temperature above the glass transition temperature but below the decomposition temperature of polyvinyl alcohol with a stretch ratio of at least 10: 1 during or after the water removal to obtain the said shaped article.

Compl. Speen. 11 Pages.

Drg. Nil.

Ind. Cl.: 172 D 4 [GROUP XX]. Int. Cl.4: D 01 H 7/882. 167844

A METHOD AND AN APPARATUS OF PRODUCING YARN BY OPEN END FRICTION SPINNING.

Applicant: SCHUBERT & SALZER MASCHINENFABRIK AKTTENGESELLSCHAFT, OF FIEDRICH-EBERT-STRASSE 84,8070 INGOLSTADT, GERMANY, A COMPANY ORGANISED UNDER THE LAWS OF WEST GERMANY.

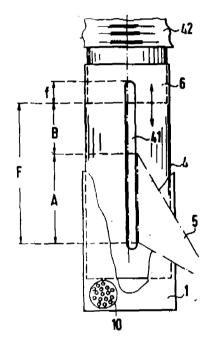
Inventor: WERNER BILLNER.

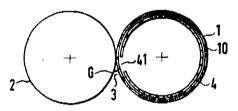
Application No. 631/Mas/86 filed on August 5, 1986.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office, Madras Branch.

8 Claims

A method of producing yarn by open end friction spinning in which fibres are twisted together in a spinning nip formed by two friction rollers, which are arranged closely adjacent one another and are driven in the same direction, along a suction slit twisting zone to form a yarn and the yarn is taken from the spinning nip, wherein the spinning is carried out for each differing fineness of yarn produced with a length of the suction opening previously adapted to the desired yarn fineness.





Compl. Specn 10 Pages.

Drgs. 2 Sheets.

Ind. CL: 17A2 [GROUP XIV (2)].

Int. Cl.4: C 12 P 7/06.

167845

AN IMPROVED PROCESS FOR THE PRODUCTION OF ALCOHOL.

Applicant: SOCIETE DES PRODUITS NESTLE S.A., CASE POSTALE 353, 1800 VELEY, SWITZERLAND, A COMPANY INCORPORATED IN SWITZERLAND.

Inventor: VLADIMIR KALINA.

Application No. 653/Mas/86 filed on August 12, 1986.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office, Madras Branch.

5 Claims

An improved process for the production of alcohol by continuous microaerobic fermentation of a must such as herein described in a fermentation vat by continuously injecting fresh must into the said fermentagen vat, continuously removing the fermented must from the vat and separating the alcohol from the must by distillation, wherein the growth of the yeast in the vast is inhibited by limiting the concentration of assimilable phosphate in the must and the yeast in the vat is regenerated by continuous injection of fresh yeast into the vat, fresh must corresponding to 0.1 to 0.3 times of the volume of must resent in the fermentation vat is injected hourly into the said fermentation vat. the fermentable sugar content of the must being 100 to 200 g/1, fresh yeast corresponding to 0.2 to 0.5% of the weight of the yeast in the fermentation vat is injected hourly into the said fermentation vat, the must in the vat containing 30 to 80 g dryweight of yeast per litre, and the concentration of assimilable phosphate being limited to a value of from 0.01 to 0.2 g/1 in the injected fresh must by the addition of a soluble aluminium salt.

Compl. Specn. 13 Pages.

Drg. Nil.

Ind. Cl.: 128 K [GROUP XIX (2)].

167846

Int. Cl.4: A 61 D 1/00.

AN APPLICATOR TO SUTURE THE OPERATED EDGES IN THE VETERINARY PRACTICES.

Applicant: DABBIR BALA KRISHNA RAO, S/O D. RAMA RAO OF CUDDAPAH, C-27, A. P. HOUSING BOARD COLONY, CUDDAPAH-516004, AN INDIAN NATIONAL.

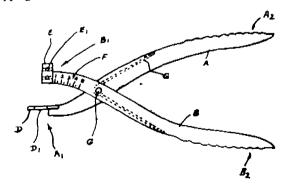
Inventor: DABBIR BALA KIRSHNA RAO.

Application No. 760/Mas/86 filed on September 26, 1986.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office, Madras Branch.

3 Claims

An applicator to suture the operated edges in veterinary practice comprising a pair of arms movably secured to and crossing each other at fulcrum point, a slotted plate provided at the end near the fulcrum point of one arm for facilitating to let out the suturing material, a drilled bit provided at one end of the other arm and near the fulcrum point for holding needle, the other ends of the said arms being the gripping ends.



Compl. Specn. 6 Pages.

Drg. 1 Sheet.

Ind. Cl.: 69 N [GROUP LIX (1)] Int. Cl.4: H 01 H 9/46; H 01 H 33/24. 167847

ISOLATING SWITCH OF A METALCLAD INSTALLATION WITH AN ANNULAR EARTHED METAL ENCLOSURE.

Applicant: MERLIN GERIN, OF RUE HENRI TARZE, 38050 GRENOBLE CEDEX, FRANCE, A FRENCH COMPANY.

Inventor: JEAN KIEFFER

Application No. 957/Mas/86 filed on December 9, 1986.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office, Madras Branch.

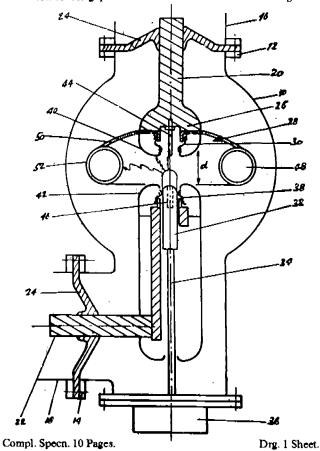
An isolating switch of metalclad installation with an annular earthed metal enclosure filled with a high dielectric strength gas, such as hexafluoride comprising :

a movable contact in the form of a sliding pin capable of moving to a closed position engaged with an aligned stationary contact, and to an open position separated from said stationary contact by an isolation gap,

a field distribution shield in the form of a fixed cover covering the end of the stationary contact to which it is electrically connected and having a central opening for the movable contact pin to pass through in the closed position of the isolating switch.

a field distribution shield in the form of a cover associated with the movable contact and arranged to cover the end of the movable contact in the open position, and electrically connected to the movable contact,

and an annular electrode in the shape of a ring having its axis aligned with said contacts, disposed coaxially around said isolation gap, and fitted between this gap and the metal enclosure to pick up an arc liable to migrate from said gap to said enclosure, said ring being electrically connected to the stationary contact and having an axial length equivalent to that of said gap so as to surround it over its whole length.



Ind, Cl.: 32 F 3 a [GROUP IX (1)]

167848

Int. Cl.4: C 07 C 103/18.

A METHOD OF PREPARING A FUMARAMIDE COM-POUND USEFUL FOR TREATING PSORIASIS.

Applicant: DEXTER BIOTECHNICS INC., A CORPORA-TION OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK OF 845 EDGEWATER ROAD, BRONX, NEW YORK, U.S.A.

Inventor: IZHAK BLANK.

Application No. 611/Mas/88 filed on August 30, 1988.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office, Madras Branch.

17 Claims

A method of preparing a compound of formula



in which R1 and R2 are the same or different and each is :

- (i) residue of an amino acid provided that only one of R1 and R2 is a residue of glycine,
 - (ii) an ester of an amino acid provided that only one of R1 and R2 is the isopropyl ester of valine,
 - (iii) a slat of an amino acid,
 - (iv) a peptide of two or more amino acids provided that if R1 and R2 are the same peptide, then at least one of the amino acids is different from glycine, or
 - (v) an ester of a peptide of two or more amino acids;
- (b) a residue of an amino compound selected from the group consisting of an alkylamine, an alkarylamine and an arylamine or
- (c) a hydroxyl group provided that only one of R1 and R2 is hydroxyl, wherein the said amino acid is selected from the group consisting of glycine, serine, proline, valine, histidine, methionine, threonine, leucine, isoleucine, crysteine, cyctine, methionine, phenylalanine, tyrosine, proline, hydroxyproline, tryptophan, aspartic acid, glutamic acid, lysine and arginine the said method comprising reacting a compound selected from the amino acid, an ester of the amino acid, a salt of the amino acid, a peptide of two or more of the amino acids, an ester of a peptide of two or more of the amino acids, an alkylamine, an alkarylamine and an arylamine, with an aqueous solution of sodium hydroxide and adding fumaryl chloride followed by separating the compound of formula



from the reaction product in a known manner and if desired converting it to its pharmaceutically acceptable salt in a known manner.

Compl. Specn. 14 Pages.

Drg. Nil.

Ind. Cl.: 208-[GROUP-XLII (6)].

Int. Cl.4: G 09 B 11/04.

167849

A TEACHING APPARATUS FOR PROVIDING TRAINING IN COPYING GRAPHIC MATTER.

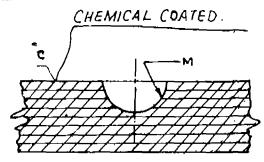
Applicant & Inventor: YELAKANTI MOHAN RAO, H. NO. 12-11-277 WARASIGUDA, SECUNDERABAD-500 361, ANDHRA PRADESH, INDIA, INDIAN NATIONAL.

Application No. 144/Mas/87 filed on March 3, 1987.

Appropriate Office, for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office, Madras Branch.

3 Claims

A teching apparatus for providing training in copying graphic matter comprising a panel whose surface has grooves thereon of graphic configuration, wherein at least the surface of the grooves has a dry coating thereon of a composition propared from one or more of each of the substances, such, herein described, namely (i) a polymer. (ii) a solvent, (iii) a filler, (iv) an abrasive and (v) a colouring matter.



Compl. Specn. 9 Pages.

Drg. 1 Sheet.

Ind. Cl.: 32-E-[GROUP-IX (1)].

Int. Cl.4: C 08 G 59/02.

167850

A PROCESS FOR THE PREPARATION OF AN EPOX-YRESIN COMPOSITION.

Applicant: THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY, A COR-PORATION AND EXISTING UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF DELAWARE, OF 2030 DOW CENTER, ABBOT ROAD, MIDLAND, MICHIGAN 48640, U.S.A.

Inventors: (1) JAMES L BERTRAM, (2) JODY R BERMAN, (3) JAMES A CLARKE, (4) LOUIS L'WALKER.

Application No. 672/Mas/88 filed on September 27, 1988.

Divisional to Patent No. 164957 (553/Mas/85); Ante-dated to July

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office, Madras Branch.

6 Claims

Aprocess for preparing a partially advanced epoxy resin composition which process comprises reacting:

- (a) at least one relatively low equivalent weight epoxyresin having an average of more than one vicinal epoxy group per molecule:
- (b) at least one extender material such as herein described having an average of two active hydrogen atoms per molecule which are rective with vicinal epoxy groups;
- (c) at least one of (1) one or more known catalysts for promoting the reaction between components (A) and (B); (2) one or more known epoxyresin curing agents; or (3) a combination of (1) and (2); wherein components (A), (B) and (C) are present in quantities which provide from 0.1 to 0.9 active hydrogen equivalent in component (B) per epoxide equivalent in component (A); from 0.05 to 0.9 equivalent of component (C2) per epoxide equivalent in component (A) and the combined equivalents of components (B) and (C2) per epoxide equivalent in component (A) is from 0.15: 1 to 1.1; from zero to 0.1 mole of component (C1) per epoxide equivalent in component (A); thereby in the absence of a solvent to the extent that the melt viscosity of the composition has increased to a value which is at least 20 percent greater than the melt viscosity of the initial mixture of components (A), (B) and (C) and the composition is melt flowable at or below 250°C; the said composition is reacted with at least one curing agent such as herein described; and wherein the components are employed in an equivalent ratio of (A): (B): (C + the said during agent) of from 1:0.1:0.5 to 1:0.9:0.2; the combined equivalents of components (B), (C2) and the said curing agent per epoxide equivalent in component (A) is from 0.6: 1 to 1.1 : 1.

Compl. Specn. 38 Pages.

Drg. 2 Sheets.

Ind. Cl.: 152 E.

Int. Cl.4: C 23 C 22/00.

167851

POWDER COATING COMPOSITIONS AND PROCESS FOR PREPARING THE SAME.

Applicant: INTERNATIONAL PAINT PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY, OF 18 HANOVER SQUARE, LONDON, W 1 A 2 BB, UNITED KINGDOM, A BRITISH COMPANY.

Inventors: ALASTAIR ROBERT MARRION.

Application for Patent No. 594/Del/86 filed on July 8, 1986.

Convention date July 17, 1985/8517972/(U.K.).

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office, Madras Branch.

19 Claims

A powder coating composition comprising a component (A) containing carboxylle acid or anhydride functional group and a component (B) containing hydroxy functional group the components (A) and (B) both being solids at temperatures upto 50°C and at least one of (A) and (B) being a synthetic resin having a glass transition temperature in the range 0 to 120°C, characterised in that the carboxylic acid or an hydride functional compenent (A) is a compound or polymer containing at least two cyclic carboxylic anhydride groups per molecule or is a compound containing a molety of the formula I of the drawings where X is a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group, or a cyclic anhydride thereof,

provided that the carboxylic acid or anhydride-functional component (A) does not contain an olefinically unsaturated double bond in the alpha, beta or beta, gamma position with respect to any carboxylic acid or anhydride group and

provided that if the component (A) is an addition polymer the carboxylic acid or anhydride groups are separated from the addition polymer chain by at least one intervening carbon atom and

the hydroxy-functional component (B) contains at least two hydroxyl groups per molecule and contains at least one amine group in its molecule to catalyse the reaction of the carboxylic acid or anhydride groups of component (A) with the hydroxy groups of component (B) when said composition is applied to a substrate at 120°C to 220°C, the proportion of (A) to (B) being such as to provide 0.9 to 2.2 carboxylic acid equivalents in (A) per hydroxy group in (B), where a carboxylic acid group in a moiety of the above formula is calculated as one carboxylic acid equivalent and a carboxylic anhydride group is calculated as two carboxylic acid equivalents.

Compl. Specn. 23 Pages.

Drg. 3 Sheets.

Ind. Cl.: 4 (A 4+C) LIII (1)..

167852

Int. Cl.4: B 64 C 27/04.

AN INTEGRATED HUB-MAST FOR A GYROPLANE ROTOR.

Applicant: AEROSPATIALE SOCIETE NATIONALE INDUSTRILLE., A COMPANY ORGANISED AND EXISTING UNDER THE LAWS OF FRANCE, PARIS-75016, FRANCE.

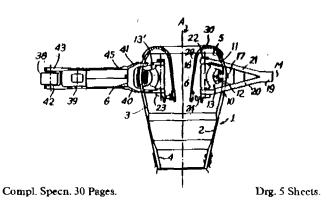
Inventors: RENE LOUIS MOUILLE & JEAN LUC LEMAN.

Application for Patent No. 636/Del/86 filed on July 16, 1986.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office Branch, New Delhi-5.

15 Claims

An integrated hub-mast for a gyroplane rotor which comprises a tubular mast-forming part (2) one end of which is in the form of a foot (4) by means of which the hub-mast is rotated about an axis (A) of said mast forming part (2) and the other end opposite to said foot (4) is firmly secured to a part forming a hub-body (3) coaxial with said mast-forming part (2) and to which the rotor blades are adapted to be connected, said hub-body (3) constituting a tubular extension of said mast-forming part (2) and having formed therein paris of openings (10, 11) equal in number to the number of blades of the rotor, said openings (10, 11), being evenly spaced apart circumferentially about the periphery of said hub-body (3) with the openings (10, 11) of each pair being spaced axially from each other, a reinforcing girdle (6) of a composite material formed of high meahenical strength unindirectional mineral or synthetic fibres wound and agglomerated by means of synthetic and hardened resin being fixed to said hub-body (3) against the internal or external surface thereof, said girdle (6) being located between the two openings (10, 11) of each pair of said openings.



Ind. Cl.: 32 E.

167853

Int. Cl.4: C 08 F 16/10.

A COMPOSITION SUITABLE FOR USE AS A THICKENING AGENT.

Applicants: THE B.F. GOODRICH COMPANY, A NEW YORK CORPORATION, OF 500 SOUTH MAIN STREET, AKRON, OHIO, 44318, UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

Inventors: ROBERT YEATS LOCHHEAD, THOMAS ROCHARD GEORGE, BANKS WILLIAM LARRY.

Application for Patent No. 665/Del/86, filed on July 23, 1986

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office Branch, New Delhi-5.

9 Claims

A composition stritable for use as a thickening agent which comprises a mixture of mineral spirit of the kind such as herein described, a polymer of at least one olefinically unsaturated carboxylic acid containing at least one activated carbon-to-carbon olefinic double bond, said polymer being dispersed in said mineral spifito and an elastomer of the kind such as herein described for the purpose of stabilization against settling, said elastomer being swellable in said mineral spirits.

Compl. Specn. 19 Pages.

Drg. Nil.

Ind. Cl.: 104C (XII (1)). Int. Cl.4: C 08 C 1/02. 167854

PROCESS FOR THE PRODUCTION OF EPOXIDISED NATURAL RUBBER FROM FRESH NATURAL RUBBER FIELD LATEX.

Applicant: THE BOARD OF THE RUBBER RESEARCH INSTITUTE OF MALAYSIA, A MALAYSIAN BODY CORPORATE OF 260 JALAN AMPANG, KAULA LUMPUR 16-03, MALAYSIA.

Inventor: CHEN SEONG FONG.

Application for Patent No. 689/Del/86 filed on July 29, 1986.

Convention date August 20th 1985/8520832/U.K.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office Branch, New Delhi-5.

8 Claims

A process for the production of epoxidised natural rubber from fresh natural rubber field latex which comprises the following steps:—

- (i) incubating the field latex with from 0.05 to 1 phr of proteolytic enzyme as herein described having an activity of 8.0 KNPU/g enzyme or 2.5 AUU/g enzyme for from 12 to 96 hours at from 25° to 60° at a PH suitable for the enzyme, in the presence of a non-ionic surfactant as herein described, the amount of said enzyme and said incubating conditions being such that the enzyme-treated field latex, when subsequently processed into epoxidised natural rubber latex, has improved coagulation and crepeing properties.
- (ii) epoxidising in a manner as herein described the enzymetreated field latex to the desired mole % level of epoxidation.
- (iii) coagulating in manner as herein described the eposidised natural rubber latex, and
- (iv) crepeing, washing crubling and drying the expoxidised natural rubber.

Compl. Specn. 21 Páges.

Drg. Nil.

Ind, Cl.: 190A. Int, Cl.4: F 02 K 3/00 167855

A HEAT-RECOVERY APPARATUS.

Applicant: FOSTER WHEELER LIMITED, A COMPANY ORGANISED AND EXISTING UNDER THE LAWS OF THE UNITED KINGDOM, OF STATION ROAD, READING, BERKSHIRE, RGL 1 LX, ENGLAND.

Inventor: GEOFFREY FREDERICK SKINNER

Application for the Patent No. 850/Del/86, filed on September 25, 1986.

Appropriate-Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office Branch, New Delhi-5.

5 Claims

Aheat recovery apparatus comprising a gas turbine (7) connected to a waste heat exchanger (1) for receiving hot exhaust gases from the turbine, said heat exchanger comprising a high pressure steam superheater (2) connected to a high pressure (3) feedwater heater, said high pressure steam superheater and said high pressure feedwater heater being located adjacent to each other directly in the path of the

exhaust gases, such that the exhaust gases first contact the superheater and thereafter pass directly to the feedwater heater; and an evaporator separate from the waste heat exchanger connected to aid feedwater heater and high pressure superheater.

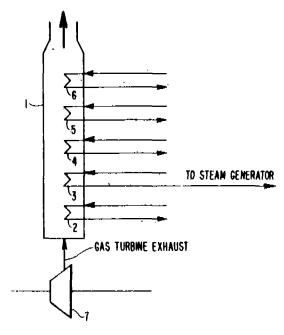


Fig. 2

Compl. Speen. 9 Pages.

Drg. 2 Sheets.

Ind. Cl. : 71 B XXVII (3) & 131 B1 XXVIII (3).

167856

Int. Cl.4 : E 21 B 19/00.

DUMP BLOCK FOR DNAGLINE BUCKET.

Applicant: ESCO CORPORATION, AN OREGON CORPORATION, OF 2141, N. W. 25 TH AVENUE, PORTLAND, OREGON 37210, UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

Inventors: ROBERT LOUIS VANHOOMISSEN, TERRY LEE BRISCOE & DON PHILLIPS STOWE BARKER.

Application for the Patent No. 911/Del/86 filed on October, 14, 1986.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office Branch, New Delhi-5.

16 Claims

Adump block (23) for a dragline bucket (10) comprising a cylinder (26) centrally located between two axially-spaced side plates (27, 28) weldably secured thereto to provide a rope-way for a dump rope (24) and a ring (38) rotatably disposed about the said cylinder (26), an oil reservoir (54) is provided inside the said cylincer (26) for continuous lubrication to the inner surfaces of the said ring (38) characterised in that the outer and inner surfaces of said ring (39) are provided with the plurality of replaceable arcuate inner plastic bearing segments (39) and outer plastic wear segments (40).

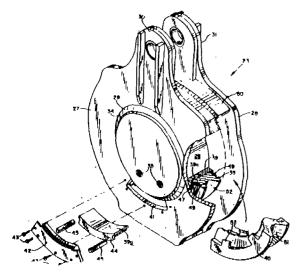
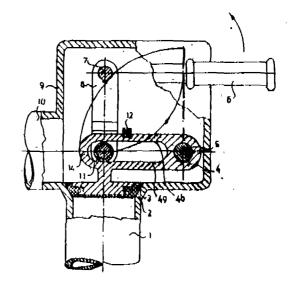


Fig. 2

Compl. Specn. 16 Pages.

Drg. 3 Sheets.



Compl. Specn. 12 Pages.

Drg. 2 Sheets.

Ind. Cl.: 195 B XXIX (3). Int. Cl.: F 16 K-21/00. 167857

QUICK-ACTION VALVE WITH VALVE BODY AND FLAP FOR PIPES DELIVERING LIQUID OR GASEOUS MEDIUM.

Applicant: LAJOS SZEKELY, OF 1037 BUDAPEST, KOLOSTOR U. 17, HUNGARY, ATTILA HAMORI, OF 1031 BUDAPEST, EMOD U. 70, HUNGARY AND MIKLOS VIDA, OF H-1117 BUDAPEST, BARYANYAI U. 27, HUNGARY.

Inventors . LAJOS SZEKELY, ATTILA HAMORI, MIKLOS VIDA & KAROLY KUNOS.

Application for Patent No. 914/Del/86 filed on October, 15, 1986.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office Branch, New Delhi-110005.

8 Claims

Quick-action valve with valve body (3) and flap, wherein the valve body is mounted on valve arm (4) turning around a shaft (5) arranged outside the centreline of valve seat (2), characterized in that running surfaces (4a or 13a) are arranged on the valve arm (4) or auxiliary arm (13) mounted on the said shaft, which supports a pressing element, suitably a roller (11) fixed to an actuating arm (8), the actuating arm being mounted on an auxiliary shaft (7) or fitted to the valve case (9) with such centre of rotation, as to have the roller (11) on the same plane with the valve arm (4), or auxiliary arm (13), and in the most tensioned dead centre position of the valve body (3) the running surfacepart being in contact with the roller (11) being perpendicular or nearly perpendicular to the straight line connecting the auxiliary shaft (7) and roller (11).

Ind. Cl.: 39 C.

Int. Cl4: C 01 C 1/04.

167858

PROCESS FOR THE SYNTHESIS OF AMMONIA.

Applicant: IMPERIAL CHEMICAL INDUSTRIES POLC., A BRITISH COMPANY, OF IMPERIAL CHEMICAL HOUSE, MILLBANK, LONDON SW 1 P 3 JF, ENGLAND.

Inventors: TERENCE THISTLETHWAITE, JOHAN HER-MAN HENDRIK TER MAAT & PETER JOHN DAVIDSON.

Application for Patent No. 955/Del/86 filed on October 29, 1986.

Convention date November 8th 1985 8527663/U.K.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office Branch, New Delhi-5.

10 Claims

A process for the synthesis of ammonia comprising passing an ammonia synthesis gas containing hydrogen and nitrogen at a pressure of 20 to 250 bar abs. and temperature of between 300°C to 500°C over a catalyst, characterised in that said ammonia synthesis gas containing hydrogen and nitrogen is passed through a bed of shaped units of an iron containing catalyst obtained by the reduction of sintered iron oxide containing shaped catalyst precursor units having a substantially uniform cross section and a plurality of passages of substantially uniform cross section extending longitudinally therethrough.

Compl. Specn. 26 Pages.

Drg. Nil.

Ind. CL: 126 C.

167859

Int. Cl.4: G 10 R 11/00.

ELECTRONIC DIGITAL MAXIMUM DEMAND INDICATOR.

Applicant: COUNCIL OF SCIENTIFIC AND INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH, RAFI MARG, NEW DELHI-110 005, INDIA, AN INDIAN REGISTERED BODY INCORPORATED UNDER THE REGISTRATION OF SOCIETIES ACT (ACT XXI OF 1860).

Inventors: PROMOD KUMAR BASU, ASHISH DAS SHARMA, MD SAMSUZ ZOHA AND BENI MADHAB SAHA.

Application for Patent No. 472/Del/86 filed on November 5, 1986.

Complete Specification left on 21st January, 1988.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office Branch, New Delhi-110005.

2 Claims

An electronic digital maximum demand indicator which comprises a crystal clock (1) for generating a train of pulses connected to a timer counter (2) for counting pulses generated, the output of the timer counter (2) being connected to a multiplexer (3) for time multiplexing, the output of the multiplexer being connected to a decoder (4) for decoding binary signals to decimal form, the output of the decorder (4) being connected to a digital display (5) for providing decimal display of time, an analog to digital pick up (6) consisting of a slotted disc being fitted on the main rotating spindle of an analog energy meter, the said A/D pick up (6) the output of the pick up being connected to a KVAH counter (7) having two outputs, one for display of the cumulative value of KVAH and the other for the computation of the instantaneous value of KVAH, the output of the counter (7) is time multiplexed by cumulative multiplexer (8) which is being connected to a decoder (9), the output of the decoder (9) is displayed in the digital display (10), a data latch (11) to which the output of the counter (7) is connected and having two terminals, one being the activating terminal and the other being the output terminal, the activating terminal of the date latch (11) being connected to a decoder (12) which is connected to the timer counter (2), and to KVAH counter (7), an auto mannual reset (26) being connected to the reset terminals of time counter (2) and KVAH counter (7) for resetting these counters when the main supply is switched ON as well as to reset them manually, the output terminal of the data latch (11) being connected to a multiplexer (13) for time multiplexing, the output of which is connected to decoder (14) for decoding binary signals to decimals, output of decoder (14) being connected to digital display (15), the output of the data latch (11) is also connected to another data latch (16) to hold the maximum value of the signal generated by the data latch (11), the output of the said another data latch (16) being connected to a magnitude comparator (17), the activation terminal of data latch (16) being connected to a time multiplexer (18) the output of which being connected to a digital display (20) through a decoder (19) a multiplex clock (21) being connected to the multiplexers (3), (8), (13) & (18) for time multiplexing and a plurality of digit drivers (22) (23) (24) (25) being connected between multiplex clock (21) and the corresponding digital diaplays (5, 10, 15, 20).

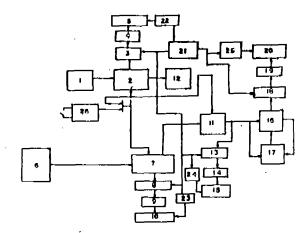


Fig. 1: Basic Block Diagram of the Electronic Digital Maximum Demand Indiactor.

Provisinal Specification 7 Pages. Compl. Specn. 12 Pages. Drg. 1 Sheet

Ind. Cl.: 170 A XLIII (4). Int. Cl.: C 11 D-1/00. 167860

DETERGENT COMPOSITION.

Applicant: COLGATE-PALMOLIVE COMPANY, A CORPORATION ORGANISED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATES OF DELAWARE, UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, OF 300 PARK AVENUE, NEW YORK, NEW YORK 10022, UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

Inventor : SUNHEE CHOI.

Application for Patent No. 1012/Del/86 filed on November 20, 1986.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office Branch, New Delhi-110005.

9 Claims

A detergent composition for removal of oily soil from substrates as herein described, which comprises 2 to 4% fo a synthetic organic nonionic (1) detergent as herein described, 1 to 20% of cationaic (2) surface active agent as herein described, 1 to 5% of a water soluble Cn decarboxylic (3) salts as herein described, and 5 to 80% of a water (4) soluble salts as herein described, with proportions of the first three said components being such that the combination of said nonionic detergent and said cationic surface active agent is a detersive proportion and that of the C1 dicarboxylic salt is sufficient to improve the oily soil detergency of the combination of nonionic detergent and cationic surfactant in cold water.

Compl. Specn. 27 Pages.

Drg. 1 Sheet.

CLASS: 116-G; 164-C. Int. Cl.: B 65 D 88/00. 167861

DISCHARGE UNIT IN CONTAINERS SUCH AS CYLINDRICAL SILOS OR BUNKERS, ESPECIALLY FOR SLUGGISH

AND/OR CAKING PARTICULATE MATERIALS.

Applicant: FRIED KRUPP GESELLSCHAFT MIT BESCHRANKTER HAFTUNG, OF ALTERNDORFER STRASSE 103, D-4300 ESSEN 1, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF GERMANY.

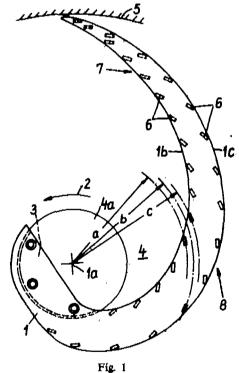
Inventors: (1) WERNER RECKE, (2) MANFRED SCHW-FNDLER.

Application No. 125/Cal/87 filed on February 16, 1987.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office, Calcutta.

12 Claims

Discharge unit in containers such as cylindrical silos or bunkers, especially for sluggish and/or caking particulate materials, with at least one driven sweeping arm which rotates in the container above a floor provided with a discharge opening and is forwardly curved in the direction of rotation, characterized in that each sweeping arm (1) bears cutting members (6) directed towards at least the floor (4) and disposed at a close spacing (1) from and above the floor, for at least a part of their longitudinal extension.



Compl. Specn. 15 Pages.

Drg. 4 Sheets.

CLASS: 107-G; 175-H. Int. Cl.: F 01 b 17/02; F 16 j 1/00. 167862

PISTON FOR RECIPROCATING MACHINES EMPLOYING A COMPRESSION OF A GASEOUS FLUID AND MACHINES PROVIDED WITH SUCH A PISTON.

Applicant & Inventor: JEAN FREDERIC MELCHIOR, OF 126 BLD DU MONTAPARNASSE, 75 014 PARIS, FRANCE.

Application No. 538/Cal/1987 filed on July 13, 1987.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office, Calcutta,

19 Claims

A piston assembly for a reciprocating machine employing a compression of gaseous fluid, such as an internal or external combustion engine or a compressor, which comprises a body, has an axis, is adapted to slide in a cylinder of said machine and carries at least one continuous solid ring of revolution—i.e. with no split—having an outer surface which is cylindrical at least in a protion H of the height of the ring and has a generatrix parallel to said axis of the piston defining a cylindrical bearing portion, the ring having an inside diameter which is greater than an outside diameter of said body at least at every point of said height H of the cylindrical bearing protion confronting it, irrespective of the conditions of operation of said piston, and which includes means for supplying lubricating oil, characterised in that:

- (A) the ring has, when it is not mounted in said cylinder and has the same temperature as said cylinder, an outside diameter equal to at least the inside diameter of the cylinder in a ratio substantially equal to 1.001;
- (B) the ratio t/D of the maximum thickness t of the ring relative to the diameter D of the ring is, at every point of said height H, at the most equal to a limit K = Plim/2ocl, in which Plim is the minimum pressure of contact of the ring on the cylinder above which pressure seizing may occur, and 0 el is the elastic limit of the material of said ring;
- (C) means are provided for connecting said ring to said piston body which are so adapted that said means can in no case result in creation, in operation, between said ring and said cylinder, of a pressure of contact higher than Plim; and
- (D) the height H is sufficiently great to enable, in operation, the establishment between said ring and said cylinder of a hydrodynamic pressure permitting the creation of a sufficiently thick film of oil.

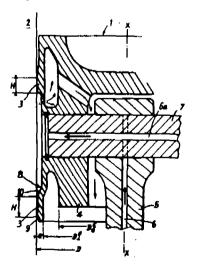


Fig. 3

Compl. Specn. 36 Pages.

Drg. 4 Sheets.

CLASS: 160-A.

167863

Int. Cl.: B 65 d 90/00.

BODY FOR RECEIVING AND CARRYING HOT BULK CARGO.

Applicant: DNERPRODZERZHINSKY VAGONOS-TROITELNY ZAVOID IMENI GAZETY "PRAVDA", OF DNEP-RODZERZHINSK, USSR.

Inventors: (1) VELERY NIKIFOROVICH KUCHER, (2) GRIGORY DEMYANOVICH ZHOVTOBRI UKH, (3) ALEXANDR ZAKHAROVICH PRPENKO.

Application No. 546/Cal/1987 filed on July 15, 1987.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patents Office, Calcutta.

4 Claims

A body for receiving and carrying hot bulk cargo, having a framework with a base in the form of a frame made-up of transverse beams and longitudinal beams which are mounted for axial movement with respect to the transverse beams under temperature expansion and which are connected to the transverse beams by means of a joint restricting relative vertical displacement of the longitudinal and transverse beams, and a base plate pivotally connected to the frame and openable for unloading the hot bulk cargo.

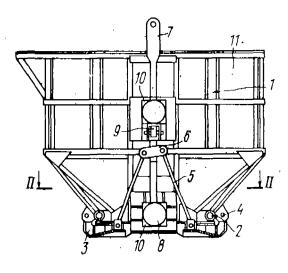


Fig. 1

Compl. Specn. 9 Pages.

Drg. 3 Sheets.

167864

CLASS: 2, 4, 32. Int. Cl.: C 09 b 19/00.

A PROCESS FOR THE PREPARATION OF WATER SOLUBLE TRIPHENDIOXAZINE COMPOUND.

Applicant: HOECHST AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT, D-6230, FRANKFURT AM MAIN 80, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF GERMANY.

Inventors: (1) HARTMUT SPRINGER. (2) WALTER HEL-MLING, (3) GUNTKER SCHWAIGER.

Application No. 578/Cal/87 filed on July 28, 1987.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office, Calcutta.

13 Claims

1. A process for the preparation of a water-soluble triphendioxazine compound which corresponds to the formula (1) of the accompanying drawings.

in which:

B is an oxygen or sulfur atom or an amino group of the formula --NH-- or --N(R')---

in which

R' is an alkyl group having 1 to 6 carbon atoms:

- R* is a hydrogen atom or an optionally substituted alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms or an optionally substituted aryl radical;
- W is a divalent, aliphatic radical or a (Cs-C1s)-cyclo-aliphatic radical which is optionally substituted by alkyl having 1 to carbon atoms, or an aliphatic-(Cs-C1)-cycloaliphatic adical which is optionally substituted by alkyl having 1 to carbon atoms, it being possible for hee aliphatic radicals 0 be interrupted by hetero groups selected from the roups -O-, -S-, -SO2-, -CO-, 1, 4-piperidino, -NH- and J(R°)- in which R° has one of the meanings of R' or is an alkanoyl group having 2 to 5 carbon atoms, and
- W has one of the meanings indicated for W and is identical with or different from W, or the grouping -B-W-N (R*)-and the grouping -N (R*)-W-B-, which are identical with or different from one another, each, as a group, represent the divalent radical of a five-membered or six-membered, saturated heterocyclic structure containing two nitrogen atoms, or
- the grouping-B-W- and the grouping -W-B, which are identical with or different from one another, each, as a group, represent the divalent radical of a five-membered or sixmembered, saturated heterocyclic structure which contains two nitrogen atoms and which is attached by means of one of the two nitrogen atoms, via an alkylene group having 2 to 4 carbon atoms, to the grouping -N (R*) -A or A-N (R*)-, respectively;
- A is a radical of the formula (2a) or (2b) in which
- Z is a phenyl radical or a naphthyl radical, both of which are substituted, at least one of these substituents being a group imparting solubility in water;
- X¹ is a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, an alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, an alkoxy group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms or an optionally substituted aryl radical;

- X² is identical with or different from X¹ and has one of the meanings indicated for X¹;
- Y is the vinyl group, or an ethyl group containing, in the βposition, a substituent which can be eliminated by means of an alkali;
- the group -SO₂-Y is preferably attached in the ortho-position relative to the group -B-W-N(R*)-A or A-N(R*)-W-B.

the formula (1) contains at least two of the sulfo groups which can be present in the formula (1), which comprises cyclizing a compound of the general formula (4) in which Y is the vinyl group, the -hydroxyethyl group or an ethyl group containing, in the -position, a substituent which can be eliminated by means of an alkali, such as one of those mentioned for Y, and is preferably the β-hydroxyethyl group, A' has the meaning of A, but the groups Z do not necessarily have to contain a sulfo group, and B, R*, W, W1, X1 and X2 have the above-mentioned meanings, and substituted alkyl groups in these radicals can also be hydroxy-substituted alkyl groups, the groups -SO2-Y' are preferably attached in the ortho-position relative to the group B, and the benzene nuclei must not be substituted in one of the ortho-positions relative to the amino groups -NH-indicated, in a sulfuric acid medium consisting of 96-100% sulfuric acid or sulfuric acid containing up to 50% by weight of sulfur trioxide, in the presence of an oxidizing agent, such as sulfur trioxide, ammonium persulfate, an alkali metal persulfate, iodine or an inorganic iodine compound or sodium perborate, and at a temperature between 0°C and 60°C, to give the triphendioxazine, and, if required introducing one or more sulfo groups into an aryl radical of the triphendioxazine during or after the cyclization, in a known manner.

Compl. Specn 42 Pages.

PART III—SEC. 21

Drgs. 5 Sheets.

CLASS: 179-F. Int. Cl.: B 65 d 6/00. 167865

IMPROVED TRANSPORT/STORAGE CONTAINER SUP-PORT STRUCTURE ASSEMBLY.

Applicant: SOTRALENTZ S.A., OF 24, RUE DU PROFESSEUR-FROEHLICH F-67 320 DRULINGEN, FRANCE.

Inventors: (1) ERWIN JUNGLES, (2) PIERRE PFEIFFER, (3) BENOIT-CHEVAL, (4) PAUL SIGWALT.

Application No. 590/Cal/87 filed on July 30, 1987.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office, Calcutta.

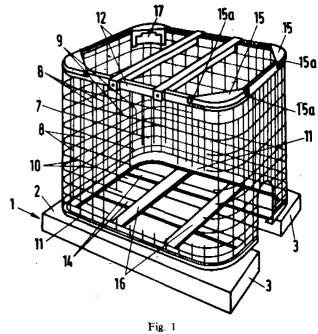
10 Claims

An improved transport support structure storage container assembly containing a flowable material comprising a container base in the form of a pallet with a plurality of planks positioned parallel to each other having a plurality of supporting surfaces, an inner container in the form of a substantially rectangular parallel piped plastic tank with a plurality of rounded edges and corners and a support tructure which at least peripherally surrounds said inner container,

said support structure having a support cage comprising a plurality of vertical and horizontal steel rods which are welded together at crossing points and are connected to a lower and an upper steel frame by welding, said lower steel frame having an L-shape cross section and being mounted with a horizontal flange thereof on said supporting surfaces, the improvement which comprises,

a plurality of flat steel bars generally transverse to said planks and welded to opposite sides of said lower steel frame, said flat steel bars simultaneously stabilizing said lower steel frame, said pallet and said support structure, and

a plurality of corner reinforcing members mounted on said upper steel frame for further stabilizing said support structure.



Compl. Specn. 15 Pages.

Drg. 2 Sheets.

CLASS: 107-K. Int. Cl.: F 16 C 3/00; F 16 h 53/00. 167866

PROCESS FOR PRODUCING AN ASSEMBLED CAMSHAFT.

Applicant: EMITEC GESELLSCHAFT FUR EMISSIONS TECTINOLOGIE MBH, OF HAUPTSTRABE 150, 5204 LOHMAR 1, W. GERMANY.

Inventors: (1) HANS-JURGEN BREUER, (2) WOLFGANG MAUS, (3) RUDOLG SCHULZE, (4) HELMUT SWARS, (5) HANS HANSWILLEMELKE, (6) HALMUT RIEMSCHEID, (7) KABL WEISS, (8) HERBERT PRIELINGSDORF, (9) ENGELBERT SCHWARZ, (10) HERIBERT GREWE, (11) KLAUS GREULICH.

Application No. 742/Cal/87 filed on September 17, 1987.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office, Calcutta.

9 Claims

A process for producing an assembled camshaft or the like comprising mounting at least one slid-on element such as control cams, bearing rings, gear wheels or bevel gears on a shaft tube followed by expanding the sold shaft tube in the region of the elements by applying internal pressure, characterized by subjecting the entire material of the longitudinal shaft tube portion associated with said one element mounted thereon to plastic deformation such that the internal surface of the said element is displaced by the plastic deformed portion of the tube and is held therein, while the surface layer of the material of the said element in question assumes the condition of elastic deformation.

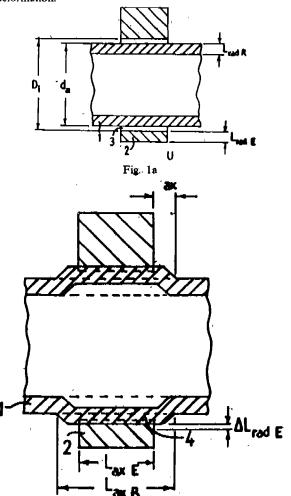
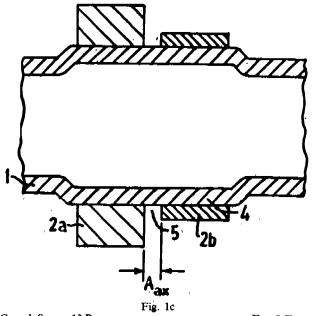


Fig. 1b



Compl. Specn. 13 Pages.

Drg. 2 Sheets.

167867

Class: 10-F.

Int. Cl.: F 42 b 3/00.

TELESCOPIC GRENADE.

Applicant: FABRIQUE NATIONALE HERSTAL, AT 4400 IIERSTAL, BELGIUM.

Inventor: ANDRE GABRIELS.

Application No. 765/Cal/87 filed on September 25, 1987.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972). Patent Office, Calcutta.

11 Claims

Telescopic grenade of the type with one head (1) extended by a tubular tail (2) that contains an explosive charge (11) as well as a detonator chain (7-30-31) for the latter and with the aforesaid tail (2) made of two telescopic tubular parts (4-5) of which one (4) is firmly attached to the aforesaid head (1) and carries, together with the latter, two sections (7-31) of the aforesaid detonator chain, and of which the other (5) carries the remaining section (30) of this chain, with the grenade provided with guiding means (12-13-14) distributed over the aforesaid two parts (4-5) in order to assign them an angular position depending on their relative axial position, characterized in that the grenade comprises safety means (29-35) for ensuring safety in the transport/storage position; and means (22-19-20-21-29) for determining under the effect of the propellent gases, the relative position, between the component parts (5-15) of the tail (2).

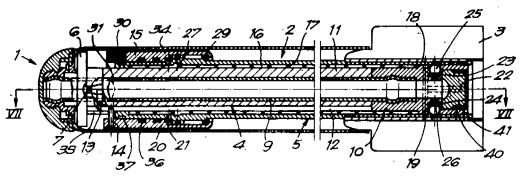


Fig. 1

CLASS: 119-B, C, D. Int. Cl.: D 03 d 37/00.

167868

CIRCULAR LOOM FOR PRODUCING LENO FABRIC.

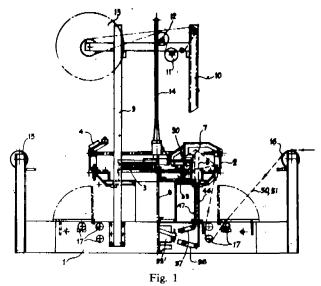
Applicant & Inventor: FRANZ XAVER STARLINGER-HUEMER, OF SONNENUHRGASSE 4, 1060 VIENNA, AUSTRIA:

Application No. 883/Cal/87 filed on November 10, 1987.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office, Calcutta.

11 Claims

A circular loom for producing leno fabric comprising inner and outer partial healds arranged circularly in two rows around a main shaft of the loom, said partial healds arranged in pairs for the guidance of a part of the two annularly distributed warp yarn groups, which, for the formation of the weaving or travelling shed, are given an oppositely phased up-and-down reciprocating motion by way of the loom main shaft characterized in that for the arrangement of the leno thread (51) running lengthwise to the ground thread (50), two neighbouring warp threads (50, 51), for producing a leno fabric displacement means (60 to; 90 to) engage at least one partial heald (7) of a partial heald pair (6, 7) after each shedding movement to bring about the instantaneous lateral relative counter-displacement; and that the warp threads of one partial heald of a partial heald pair are guided freely by thread guide means (24) to bring about shedding, and, on the other partial heald, to bring about a side change.



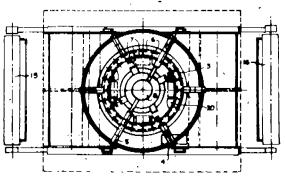


Fig. 2

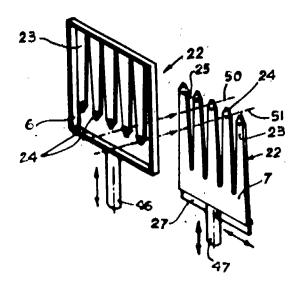


Fig. 3

Compl. Specn. 19 Pages.

1Drg. 3 Sheets.

CLASS: 136-E. Int. Cl.: B 29 c 47/00.

167869

A PROCESS FOR THE MANUFACTURE OF TUBULAR ARTICLE MADE FROM PLASTICS FOR THE FABRICATION OF SACKS.

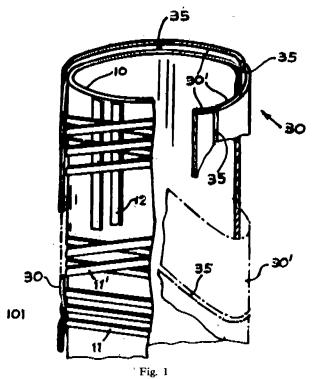
Applicant & Inventor FRANZ XAVER STARLINGER-HUEMER OF SONNENUHRGASSE 4, 1060 VIENNA, AUSTRIA

Application No. 884/Cal/87 filed on November 10, 1987.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office, Calcutta.

10 Claims

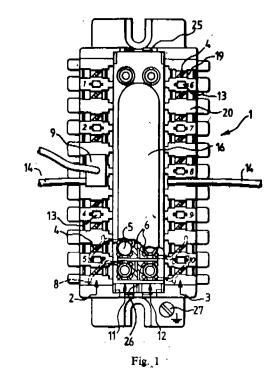
A process for the manufacture of tubular article made from plastics for the purpose of fabrication of sacks, the said process comprising making at least one tubular extrudate from a thermoplastic film, reinforcing said extrudate with narrow strands or tapes made from plastic and extruded around the circumference and/or along the length thereof, and applying a second tubular covering or jacket extrudate made from a thermoplastic film onto said first reinforced plastic film, thereby bonding the assembly together in a soft and warm condition, characterised in that said second tubular plastic film is applied in the form of at least one individual, preferably continuously delivered film run or web, said film run being welded or bonded together at its edges, thus forming the tubular covering or jacket film.



Compl. Specn. 16 Pages.

Drg. 1 Sheet.

167870



Compl. Specn. 8 Pages.

Drg. 2 Sheets.

CLASS: 187-A. Int. Cl.: H 01 r 9/00.

CONNECTOR BANK FOR TELECOMMUNICATION DEVICE.

Applicant: KRONE AKTTENGESELLSCHAFT, OF BEES-KOWDAMM 3-11, D-1000 BERLIN 37, WEST GERMANY.

Inventor: EBERILARD KLAIBER.

Application No. 923/Cal/87 filed on November 25, 1987.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office, Calcutta.

6 Claims

Connector bank for telecommunication devices comprising a plastic housing with at least a series of connection contacts for cable wires arranged in connection chambers, in particular for dropwire cable wires, and with a series of contact elements formed in plug sockets for over voltage suppressors, characterised in that a second series of plug sockets (13) being provided in the plastic housing in the space adjacent to the over voltage suppressors (5) in the plastic housing (1) said plug sockets comprising pick-up contacts adapted to hold test plugs (9), said plug sockets (13) being arranged between two adjacent accommodation chambers (19) of the series (2, 3) of connection contacts (4).

Name Index of Applicants for Patents for the Month of September 1990 (No. 752/Cal/90 to 833/Cal/90, 231/Bom/90 to 254/Bom/90, 697/ Mas/90 to 769/Mas/90 and 877/Del/90 to 952/Del/90.

Name & Appln. No.

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—A.—

Aeg Westinghouse Transportation System, Inc.-817/Cal/90.

American Cyanamid Co.-832/Cal/90.

American Home Products Corporation.--833/Cal/90.

Asculai, S. S. (Dr.).—821/Cal/90.

Atochem North America, Inc.-797/Cal/90.

—B—

B. V. Optische Industrie "De Oude Delf".--831/Cal/90.

Babcock & Wilcox Co. The. 756/Cal/90, 765/Cal/90, 770/Cal/90, 774/Cal/90.

Beloit Corporation.-761/Cal/90, 762/Cal/90.

Bhalotia, J. P .-- 787/Cal/90.

Name & Appln. No.

—C—

Chakraborty, P.-777/Cal/90.

Chiron Corporation.—801/Cal/90, 802/Cal/90, 805/Cal/90, 808/Cal/90.

Combustion Engineering, Inc.—828/Cal/90.

Commodore-Amica Inc.-830/Cal/90.

Computainer Systems, Inc.-809/Cal/90.

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Envirex Inc.-767/Cal/90.

F

Falk, R. E .- (Dr.) .- 821/Cal/90.

--G-

General Electric Co.—760/Cal/90, 789/Cal/90, 790/Cal/90, 791/Cal/90, 792/Cal/90, 793/Cal/90, 794/Cal/90, 798/Cal/90, 799/Cal/90.

Gosudarstvenný Nauchno-Issledo-Vatelsky I Proektny Institut Azotnoi Promyshlennsti I Produktov Organi Cheskogo Sinteza (Giap).—776/Cal/90.

Gould, Inc.--788/Cal/90.

—H--

Henry K. Obermeyer, -807/Cal/90.

Hitachi Ltd.--796/Cal/90.

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—I-

ICI India Ltd.-811/Cal/90.

—J—

Johnson & Johnson Medical, Inc.-829/Cal/90.

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Name & Appln. No.

-K-

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-L-

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-M-

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Mitsuba Electric Manufacturing Co. Ltd.--773/Cal/90.

Munters Euroform Gmbh.-771/Cal/90.

—P—

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Reland Industries, Inc.—823/Cal/90, 824/Cal/90.

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Samsung Electron Devices Co. Ltd.—755/Cal/90, 757/Cal/90, 758/Cal/90, 759/Cal/90, 800/Cal/90, 819/Cal/90.

Sardana, V. K. (Mr.).-825/Cal/90.

Sarma, U. V. S.--785/Cal/90.

Satake Engineering Co. Ltd.-815/Cal/90, 816/Cal/90.

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Somar Corporation.—772/Cal/90.

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Thyssen Stahl Aktiengesellschaft.—764/Cal/90.

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Uzeta, L. A. M.-781/Cal/90.

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-z-

Zeuna-Starker GmbH & Co.-782/Cal/90.

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Thomas, P. X .-- 705/Mas/90.

Name & Appln. No.

Name & Appln. No. --U--Union Carbide Chemicals & Plastics Co. Inc.-714/Mas/90, 715/ Mas/90, 769/Mas/90. Union Carbide Corporation.—762/Mas/90. Union Oil Co. of California.—749/Mas/90, 750/Mas/90, 751/Mas/90, 752/Mas/90, 756/Mas/90, 757/Mas/90. Usinor Sacirol.--733/Mas/90. Venugopal, M -- 765/Mas/90. _w_ Wacker-Chemie GmbH.—717/Mas/90. —Ż— Zellweger Uster AG.-721/Mas/90. **DELHI** AEG Westinghouse Industrial Automation Corporation.—899/Del/ A. G. (Patents) Ltd.—921/Del/90. Aggarwal, N. K.-945/Del/90. Airtech Pvt. Ltd.-892/Del/90. Alenax Corporation.—918/Del/90. —B— B. F. Goodrich Co. The .- 902/Del/90. -C-C. R. Bard. Inc.-919/Del/90 Chauhan, B. P. S .- 946/Del/90. Chaul, C. F .- 926/Del/90. Chief Controller, Research & Development, The.—929/Del/90. Council of Scientific & Industrial Research.—884/Del/90, 885/Del/ 90, 886/Del/90, 887/Del/90, 888/Del/90, 889/Del/90, 906/Del/90, 907/Del/90, 930/Del/90, 931/Del/90, 932/Del/90, 933/Del/90, 934/Del/90, 935/Del/90, 936/Del/90, 937/Del/90, 938/Del/90. DE Beers Industrial Diamond Division (Proprietary) Ltd.—916/Del/ 90, 917/Del/90.

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Dwight Darling.-952/Del/90.

Dynavac Maschinenbau GMBH.—912/Del/90.

Ethyl Corporation.—940/Del/90, 941/Del/90.

Exxon Chemical Patents Inc.—901/Del/90, 903/Del/90.

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Gomez, L. C .- 911/Del/90.

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Imax Systems Corporation .-- 896/Del/90, 897/Del/90.

—J—

JWI Ltd.-925/Del/90.

-K-

Kabushiki Kaisha Toshiba.—877/Del/90.

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Khetrapal, J.-878/Del/90, 879/Del/90.

Khetrapal, J. D. Prof.—881/Del/90, 882/Del/90, 883/Del/90, 951/Del/90.

Khetrapal, R. Mr.—881/Del/90, 882/Del/90, 883/Del/90, 951/Del/90.

Khetrapal, S. Mrs.—881/Del/90, 882/Del/90, 883/Del/90, 951/Del/90.

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Nanduri, V.-910/Del/90.

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Pfizer Hospital Products Group, Inc.—942/Del/90, 943/Del/90, 944/Del/90.

Plessey Co. Ltd. The.-898/Del/90.

Poclain Hydraulics.-913/Del/90.

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Qidwai, M. S.-908/Del/90 & 909/Del/90.

-R-

Ranbary Laboratories Ltd. -- 893/Del/90.

Rao, M. S .-- 895/Del/903

Richardson-Vicks, Inc.-894/Del/90.

Name & Appln, No.

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Singh, G .- 904/Del/90.

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Somerville, W. D .-- 915/Del/90.

v Tr

Time Ticket International Ltd.—928/Del/90.

w

Warner Lambert Co.-939/Del/90.

Widen Innovation AB.-880/Del/90:

REGISTRATION OF DESIGNS

The following design have been registered. They are not open to inspection for a period of two years from the date of registration except as provided for in Section 50 of the Designs Act, 1911.

The date shown in the each entries is the date of registration in the entry.

Class 3. No. 162275. Crystal Plastics & Metallizing Private Limited, Sandhi House, Palkhi Galli, Off Veer Savarkar Marg, Prabhadevi, Bombay-400025, Maharashtra, India. "Comb". July 5, 1990.

Class 3. No. 162352. Dabur India Limited, Indian Company of 22-Site-IV, Sahibabad, Ghaziabad, U. P., India. "Bottle" 74th July, 1990.

Class 3. No. 162404. Farheen Laboratory & Industries, M. B. House, 4th floor, 79. Ghoga Street, Fort, Bombay-1, Maharashtra, India, Indian Proprietory Firm. "Bottle". August 7, 1990.

Class 10. Nos. 162343 and 162344. Bata India Ltd., 30, Shakespeare Sarani, Calcutta-700017, W. B., India. "Footwear". July 18, 1990.

Copyright extended for the second period of five years.

Nos. 155073 and 155074 — Class 1. Nos. 161939 and 161893 — Class 3.

Copyright extended for the third period of five years.

Nos. 161939 and 161893 - Class 3.

R. A. ACHARY Controller General of Paten Designs and Trade Marks.